A Special Message to Communist Party Members in New York State on Page 4

22 Years Ago They Said It Wouldn't Work
—Editorial, Page 6.

Daily Worker

PEOPLES CHAMPION OF LIBERTY, PROGRESS, PEACE AND PROSPERITY

Weather

Local—Partly cloudy without much change in temperature; fresh northwest to west winds.

Eastern New York—Fair with little change in temperature.

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U.S.S.R. IS FIRM IN ITS PEACE POLICY, TO BENEFIT ALL NATIONS—MOLOTOV

The Issues Today

An Editorial

TODAY'S Councilmanic election is one of the most crucial in all New York's history. It is not just another off-year routine battle, that can be regarded lightly in any quarter.

A solemn responsibility rests upon New York voters. They must go to the ballot box conscious of the trying times in which we live.

Peter V. Cacchione

All of the important questions of this campaign revolve around the fundamental issue of peace—the rights of labor, and the civil liberties of the entire citizenry. It is at once apparent how essential it is to deal a blow to the profiteers, the war-mongers, the red-baiters who would drag this country into the imperialist holocaust. The forces of reaction—Wall Street, the Dies red-baiters, and assorted species of war-whoopers—are bent upon wiping out the gains made by New Yorkers over the last 100 years. They are moving hell and high water to see that the city is detoured off the path of liberalism onto the road of black reaction, human suffering and war hysteria.

THE Tories are working through the little clique of American Labor Party leaders clustered around the Rose-Waldman-Cahan crowd. It was this clique which started the witch-hunt against the Communist Party, through its scurrilous and brazen pro-war resolution. It was this clique which gave inspiration to the repudiated ex-Congressman John J. O'Connor, for instigating the removal of the four Communist candidates from the ballot—a violation of the political and democratic rights of every New York citizen.

Israel Amter

The back-stabbing ALP leaders showed what they think of Negro or other minority rights, by making wild promises of support to their lone Negro councilmanic candidate—and then failing to get enough signatures to even get him on the ballot!

The ALP clique in control has flouted the wishes of its rank and file, to become now the spearhead of reaction. Its candidates in today's election are the chief hope of the reactionaries for carrying through their war program in the Council, and for scuttling the Bill of Rights. The ALP slate is the vanguard of the Tories within the ranks of the labor and liberal movement.

That accounts for the fact that the Tories of every stripe—virtually every unprincipled capitalist newspaper—has embraced the ALP candidates with open arms. This is the very press which, when the ALP was constructive and progressive, heaped the vilest slanders upon it, smeared it with every red-baiting epithet imaginable.

Isidore Begun

Just as the overwhelming majority of the ALP clubs and members have rejected the Rose-Waldman-Cahan warmongers, so have the people generally throughout the election campaign. The best crowd that the ALP leaders could muster at its "climax" rally in Cooper Union the other night was less than 250 persons. But the Tory press again came to the ALP's rescue, trying to keep its head above water when it is clearly sinking lower and lower in the estimation of all democratic peace-loving Americans.

The political degeneration of the Rose-Waldman-Cahan crowd is seen by its amazingly unscrupulous "election campaign." Led by Hearst's new hero Dubinsky, it is concentrating on defeating the Bronx progressive Councilman Michael J. Quill, who was the one ALP candidate who represented the progressive demands of the ALP rank and file. Quill stands for peace and against the pro-war Chamberlain lick-spittles in the ALP.

Paul Crosbie

Quill, president of the outstanding Trasnport Workers Union (CIO) and leading fighter for progressive measures in the City Council, has been singled out for defeat by the big war-mongers and reactionaries on Wall Street. And the ALP has been selected to do reaction's job on Councilman Quill.

Progressives in the Bronx will consider it their bounden duty to insure the re-election of Quill. Labor and progressives throughout the city, will likewise consider it a number one duty to defeat the ALP's war-mongering candidates as stooges of reaction.

IT IS essential for the democratic liberties of every New Yorker that a record-breaking write-in vote be polled for the four Communist candidates—Peter V. Cacchione, Brooklyn, Israel Amter, Manhattan, Isidore Begun, Bronx, and Paul Crosbie, Queens. Cacchione, nosed out in 1937 by 300 votes, will be elected. The greatest possibility exists for the election of Amter, who tallied more than 100,000 votes in the Congressional elections last November. The Communist candidates represent the real voice of the people—for housing, relief, jobs, adequate educational facilities for labor and civil rights.

The labor, peace and progressive forces of the city will cast their first choice votes for the Communist councilmanic candidates. The ALP members who want to see men in the council who will fight for their real interests, will vote number one for the four Communists. The people of New York who want to give a stinging rebuke to the war-mongers and red-baiters, and who want New York to continue on the path of progress, will vote for the Communists.

Write In Communist Candidates Today to Safeguard Peace and Liberty

Party's Vote Holds Spotlight Of City Ballot

Predict Defeat for the A.L.P. Warmongering Candidates

With the fight for peace and civil liberties uppermost in the minds of the people, voters today lineup at the polls to vote on judicial and councilmanic candidates.

Polls are open from 6 A.M. to 6 P.M.

The clearest expression in today's vote will be the action of tens of thousands who will write-in the names of Communist councilmanic candidates that had been ruled off the ballot on a flimsy technicality.

Supported by a wide protest against the ballot and subsequent radio ban upon the Communist Party, the write-in drive has developed to proportions far greater than any similar action since the write-in for former Mayor Joseph V. McKee.

Sec. 1005, Subdivision 3 of the City's charter provides for election of candidates through the write-in method. It reads:

"To vote for a person whose name is not printed on this ballot, write his name on a blank line under the names of the candidates, and put a number in the square opposite to show which choice you wish to give him."

This part of the charter is also printed on top of every councilmanic ballot.

Millions of sample ballots were

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When Did Feeney, Alias Thomas, Lie: In Congressional Directory or in Court?

When did John Parnell Feency, Jr. (alias Rep. J. Parnell Thomas) lie—when he wrote his biography in the Congressional Directory or when he appeared before the courts in 1919?

Feeney-Thomas, Republican representative from New Jersey and one of the most rabid reactionaries on the Dies Committee, deliberately concealed from the nation when he placed his biography in the Congressional Directory, the fact that he had taken a seat in Congress under a pseudonym.

At the same time, the man who was picked by the Republican National Committee to start the persecution of Earl Browder, general secretary of the Communist Party, supposedly for traveling abroad under a pseudonymn many years ago, himself placed in the Congressional Directory a statement at

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70 *Congressional Directory* NEW JERSEY

SEVENTH DISTRICT.—COUNTIES: Hunterdon, Somer, and Warren. BERGEN COUNTY: Cities of Garfield and Hackensack; boroughs of Allendale, East Paterson, Emerson, Fairlawn, Franklin Lakes, Glen Rock, Hillsdale, Hohokus, Lodi, Maywood, Midland Park, Montvale, Oakland, Oradell, Paramus, Park Ridge, Ramsey, Riverside, Saddle River, Upper Saddle River, Waldwick, Westwood, Woodcliff Lake; townships of Hohokus, Lodi, Ridgewood, Rivervale, Rochelle Park, Saddle River, Washington, and Wyckoff. PASSAIC COUNTY: Borough of Ringwood and township of West Milford. Population (1930), 250,379.

J. PARNELL THOMAS, Republican, of Allendale, N. J.; born in Jersey City, N. J., January 16, 1895; resident of Allendale, N. J., since 1900; graduate of Allendale public school and Ridgewood High School; attended the University of Pennsylvania; during the World War enlisted in the United States Army immediately after declaration of war; saw active service at front line; honorably discharged as captain; head of bond department of Paine-Webber & Co., New York City, since 1924; served as director of Allendale Building & Loan Association and trustee of public library; elected a member of the borough council of Allendale in 1925; elected mayor of Allendale in 1926 and reelected in 1928; elected to the New Jersey House of Assembly in 1935 and reelected in 1936; married to Miss Amelia Wilson Stiles, of Mount Vernon, N. Y., on January 21, 1921, and they have two sons—J. Parnell Thomas, Jr., and Stiles Thomas; elected to the Seventy-fifth Congress by an approximate plurality of 4,000 votes.

In his "biography," as he placed it in the Congressional Directory, Rep. "J. Parnell Thomas" of N. J. conceals the fact that his real name is John Parnell Feency, Jr. He also states in the "biography" that he has resided in Allendale, N. J., since 1900. But he testified otherwise in court in 1919. When was he lying?

British Press Hints War Aid For Finland

Writer with Cabinet Ties Says Sweden Will Get 'Help' to Aid Finns

By Philip Bolsover

(By Cable to the Daily Worker)

LONDON, Nov. 6 (Censored).—A corner of the veil of Britain's anti-Soviet intrigues was lifted here today with publication of a special article by the Daily Telegraph under the by-line of its diplomatic correspondent, who is known to be in close touch with the Foreign Office.

The article gives a strong and obvious hint of British support to Sweden if that Scandinavian country backs Finland in a war against the U.S.S.R. It also threatens Turkish action in the Balkans to suppress what he calls the growth of Communism.

The Daily Telegraph writer, describing relations between Sweden and Finland, says that the "threat" to Finland developing in Moscow is felt acutely throughout Scandinavia.

THEIR FRIENDS' FRIEND

He adds, "The Finnish Government can negotiate in the knowledge that the country is not without immediate supporters, who in their turn would not be long left unaided if obliged to take up arms in defense of their vital interests."

The article is an avowal of major

(Continued on Page 2)

Capitalism's Ills Cited Against Rise Of Socialism

Warns Against Belligerents' Attempts to Draw In Neutrals

(By Cable to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, Nov. 6.—The Soviet Union's peace policy, which the socialist state intends to follow amidst the turmoil of the imperialist war, strengthens the hands of the people of all nations in the battle for peace, the head of the Soviet Government, Vyacheslav Molotov, proclaimed tonight from the Soviet capital.

Molotov, Soviet Premier-Foreign Commissar, addressed a mass rally in the Bolshoi (Grand) Theater called by the Moscow Soviet to commemorate the 22nd anniversary tomorrow of the greatest event in

[Abridged text of Molotov's speech appears on Page 2.]

all history—the overthrow of capitalism in Russia by the great October Socialist Revolution. The speech was broadcast throughout the U.S.S.R.

In a ringing call to struggle, Molotov contrasted the war policy which capitalism seeks as a way out of its insurmountable difficulties with the Soviet Union's "policy of peace and its ardent efforts to secure the rapid termination of the war."

CAUSE OF ALL MANKIND

"The peaceful foreign policy of the Soviet Union," he said, "conforms not only with the fundamental interests of the peoples of our country and of countries allied with us, but also with the interests of all mankind, if indeed we mean by that the masses of other countries, and not the ruling cliques the bosses of the imperialist powers.

"That means that it is not only our sacred duty, the sacred duty of all Soviet people, to work to develop the internal forces of the Soviet Union to the utmost and to strengthen its international prestige, but that this is in the profound interests of all nations who are yearning for peace, for the speediest termination of the war.

"That is why the great names of Lenin, father of the Soviet Union, and Stalin, leader of the peoples of the U.S.S.R., are pronounced with such love and confidence in the future not only in our country, but also far beyond the borders of the Soviet Union. The names of Lenin and Stalin rouse bright hopes in every corner of the world and re-

(Continued on Page 2)

Beat Tammany Is Quill's Final Plea to Voters

Urges Election of Council Which Will Back Mayor LaGuardia

Concluding one of the most spirited local election campaigns this city has witnessed in many years, Councilman Michael J Quill, seeking re-election as an independent candidate in the Bronx, pleaded for defeat of Tammany through election of pro-LaGuardia councilmanic candidates in an address over Station WMCA last night.

"It ought to be very clear to every one who even pretends to be for good government that our main task is and must be the defeat of Tammany," Quill said. "Yet, in the last few days we have witnessed the disgusting spectacle of a group of so-called leaders of labor coming into the Bronx not to attack Tammany, the enemy of our peo-

(Continued on Page 4)

MICHAEL J. QUILL

Dictatorship Decreed for British India

BOMBAY, Nov. 6.—"Emergency measures"—imperialist jargon for dictatorial rule—will be enforced in Indian provinces whose ministries refuse to cooperate with Britain, Lord Linlithgow, the British Viceroy, announced today.

Linlithgow, obviously angered by the refusal of the leaders of the Indian National Congress and the Moslem League to accept posts as a bribe for support of the imperialist war, said he was "disappointed" but would continue efforts.

The Indian National Congress, which controlled ministries in eight of India's most important provinces, ordered their resignation in protest against Linlithgow's refusal to accede to Indian requests for a statement of British war aims or to grant freedom and democracy to India.

Mayor Sorry He Voted for War in 1917

Praises Janet Rankin for Peace Vote, Admits He Was Wrong

Mayor LaGuardia admitted yesterday he was wrong when, as a Congressman in 1917, he voted for entrance of the United States into the World War.

Interviewed by Martha Deane at radio station WOR on the subject of women and government, the Mayor lauded the role of former Congresswoman Janet Rankin of Montana who sat with him in the House of Representatives and voted against the war.

"Janet Rankin got into the press a great deal," he said, "because she voted against the war—and she was right."

"Then I helped make the world safe for democracy and look at the mess it's in now."

"What is the one thing you would most like to do?" Miss Deane asked the Mayor and he replied:

"Abolish poverty. And it can be done in a country like ours."

"How?" queried Miss Deane.

'FACE THE FACTS'

"By facing the facts," he said, "eliminating greed and so arranging conditions and natural resources and national wealth that it can be used to the best advantage. It will be done—not in my time, but in your time."

He told how he advocated unemployment insurance in Congress thirteen years ago and how the Chicago Tribune demanded that the government "deport this alien-minded Congressman."

"Do you think a woman could be President of the United States?" Miss Deane asked.

"It is not easy for anybody to be President of the United States." LaGuardia replied. "I don't think sex has anything to do with it. It takes training, efficiency and background."

The Mayor took the opportunity of the radio interview to praise the work of women judges he had appointed and the legislative activities of Councilwoman Genevieve B. Earle.

He reminded the listeners in Brooklyn to remember her today, election day.

Registry Shift Aimed at Union N.M.U. Charges

Curran Calls Lines' Use Of Foreign Flag Move For Involvement in War

Joseph Curran, National Maritime Union president, last night assailed the Maritime Commission for giving permission to the U. S. lines for the transfer of eight ships to Panamaian registry

It is not only an attempt of the shipowners to evade the neutrality act," Curran said, "but also an attempt to evade their contract with the N.M.U. Under present contracts 90 per cent of the seamen on American ships must be Americans.

"If they can sail these ships can ship anybody they like

"If they put alien seamen on

(Continued on Page 4)

Claims and Counter Claims Of Belligerents

On Sea and in Air Rival Warring Powers Give Differing Stories

PARIS, Nov. 6 (UP).—The French High Command claimed tonight that French pursuit planes had been victorious in an air battle between nine French fighters and 27 German pursuit ships, in which nine Germans were shot down.

The French communique, 128th of the war, reported that all the French planes returned "undamaged."

"Great activity by both air forces" was reported in the communique, which continued:

"In the course of a violent air battle nine French pursuit planes attacked a squadron of 27 German pursuit planes. Nine of the latter squad were shot down, of which at leas tseven landed in our territory.

"Our complete squad returned undamaged."

NOT IN NAZI ACCOUNT

BERLIN, Nov. 6 (UP).—The German High Command announced today that there had been "somewhat livelier patrol activity at individual points on the Western Front, otherwise only feeble artillery fire."

A German pursuit plane shot down a French plane near Saarburg, it was announced.

SAYS BIG BRITISH SHIPS QUIT NORTH SEA

BERLIN, Nov. 6 (UP).—Hermann Buelow, First Lieutenant of the German Air Force, said today that

(Continued on Page 4)

France to Impose Flat 15% Tax On All Wages

PARIS, Nov. 6 (UP).—A new 15 per cent tax on wages will be imposed soon on all workers, French or foreign, it was reported today. All men between the ages of 18 and 49 will be affected, including all mobilized functionaries of the state, unless they belong to actual fighting units.

Britons Want Friendship of Soviet Union, Survey Shows

LONDON, Nov. 6 (UP).—Strong sentiment favoring further overtures by Great Britain to the Soviet Union was indicated today in a survey by the British Institute of Public Opinion, published by the News-Chronicle.

Forty-seven per cent of those questioned believed that a cabinet minister should be sent to Moscow to discuss Britain's relations with the Soviet, 34 per cent were opposed to such action and 19 per cent did not know whether it would be advisable.

Sir Stafford Cripps, prominent labor member of the House of Commons, told his Bristol constituents that many of the government's supporters were "so foolish as to wish" for the rise of a monarchist government in Germany with which Britain could ally herself in an anti-Soviet bloc. He asserted that the U.S.S.R. had dealt a great blow to Adolf Hitler's strength.

"And if we are not fools," he said, "we should realize that and do all we can to be as friendly as possible with the U.S.S.R., which has become the dominant factor in European politics."

State Dept. Announces Venezuelan Trade Pact

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6 (UP).—The State Department announced today the conclusion of a reciprocal trade agreement with Venezuela.

Write In Your Choice

There will be two sets of voting today, one for judicial candidates (by machine) and the other (by paper ballot) for councilmanic candidates. The name of YOUR candidate will not appear on the paper ballot. Under provisions of the City Charter you may WRITE IN the name of your Communist candidate in specially provided blank spaces below the list of names. [See sample ballot on page 3.] Put a number 1 in the box in front of the written name. Write the name in full; write in only the name of one of these candidates in the corresponding county in which you live and vote:

Brooklyn	1	PETER V. CACCHIONE
Manhattan	1	ISRAEL AMTER
Bronx	1	ISIDORE BEGUN
Queens	1	PAUL CROSBIE

Abridged Text of Molotov's Speech

(By Cable to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, Nov. 6—Following is an abridged text of the speech by Vyacheslav M. Molotov, Chairman of the Council of People's Commissars and People's Commissar for Foreign Affairs of the U. S. S. R., at the Bolshoi (Grand) Theater in Moscow this evening during a meeting to mark the 22nd Anniversary of the Great October Socialist Revolution tomorrow:

The October Revolution tore our country from capitalist society, and since then two worlds have arisen: the old world of capitalism embracing all the capitalist countries, the colonies and the semi-colonies under their control, and the new world of socialism brought into being by the Soviet system in our country.

Capitalism, senile and decaying, is already looking backward on its past and is approaching its end. The new world brought into being by the October Revolution is growing stronger from day to day and is lifting its head higher and higher.

Capitalism is tenacious, even though it is no longer in the period of rise but in decline. Capitalism clutches at everything to prolong its existence.

THE ROOT OF ALL EVIL

But what has it to offer the peoples of the capitalist countries, and what is it capable of in our times? Capitalism gives rise to one economic crisis after another, to devastating unemployment in the cities, to hopeless starvation in the countryside, to intensification of the burdens of national and colonial servitude for many hundreds of millions of people, and to endless bloody wars without which capitalism cannot exist.

It was not so long ago, in the years 1929 to 1933, that the capitalist countries passed through the most severe world economic crisis with all its attendant hardships, unemployment and decline of the standard of living of the masses in the cities and the countryside.

Scarcely had this grave crisis more or less subsided when in 1937 a new economic crisis broke out, embracing a number of the largest capitalist countries, including even the richest of them, such as America, Great Britain and France.

NO HOPE FOR IMPROVEMENT

Is any further proof needed to show that the accumulation of untold wealth by the upper strata of capitalist society brings no hope of improvement in the condition of the masses? Is any further proof needed to show that the domestic affairs of the capitalist countries are in a very bad way, indeed, and that everything is making for new and inevitable outbreaks of popular anger against the power of capital? In one form or another, this is the case in every capitalist country.

The more we learn of the domestic conditions and internal contradictions in the capitalist countries, the clearer it becomes to us why the bourgeois countries have lately been increasingly seeking a way out of the situation in foreign adventures, in the seizure and spoliation of foreign lands and colonies, in new redivisions of the world by means of war.

Even the richest countries, those, so to speak, who have grown fat on plundered wealth, cannot find a way out of the situation in their own internal forces, and what is more, are unable to look for a way out that can satisfy the masses of the people in any way.

A PERIOD OF IMPERIALIST WARS

As we see, the springs of the further development of the internal forces of modern capitalist society are more or less exhausted and are drying up altogether. That is the fundamental reason for the new foreign adventures of the imperialist powers. That is the real cause of modern wars, the number and the dimensions of which are growing under our eyes.

In the celebrated History of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union published last year, and in Stalin's report at the 18th Congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, a vivid picture was given of the second imperialist war, which in the years has spread to a number of countries of Europe and Asia.

As we know, since then this war, far from diminishing, has considerably widened its scope. What is the position today?

In the East, war between Japan and China is already in its third year. This means that Japan, with a population of 72,000,000, and Japanese colonies with a population of several tens of millions, are involved in war. It also means that China, with a population of 450,000,000, is also engaged in this war. Thus about 570,000,000 people have in one degree or another been dragged into imperialist war in Asia.

This war has already accounted for millions of human victims and

V. M. MOLOTOV

has destroyed many cities and several thousand villages in China, and what is more, no end to these bloody sacrifices and frightful hardships is yet in sight.

THE WAR IN THE WEST

In recent months a big war has broken out in the West too. In this war are engaged on the one hand, Great Britain and France, who are more and more deeply involving in the war not only their own populations but the populations of their dominions and colonies as well, and on the other hand, Germany, the second largest state in Europe.

That means that, if we consider that the British and French colonies are involved in the war in one degree or another, some 750,000,000 people have been dragged into war in the West.

The result is that, in the West and in the East, even if we do not count the colonies, about 750,000,000 people have already been dragged into war, and if we count the colonies, the figure rises to over 1,300,000,000.

Thus half the population of the earth, amounting to 2,120,000,000 people, have already in one degree or another been dragged into war in Europe and Asia.

That is the principal "achievement," if so we may call it, which the capitalist world has to show on this day.

CAPITALISM'S PLANS MISCARRY

Nonetheless, we cannot say that the spread of war has ended. Quite the contrary. True, it has met with a slight check.

Certain plans for extending the war, by involving the Soviet Union, for example, have gone awry. We Soviet people have once again shown that we do not dance to others' music.

But as regards the capitalist world, the belligerent powers are making most strenuous efforts to gain new allies and to range neutral countries on their side. We must not close our eyes to the fact that efforts to drag neutrals into the orbit of war are being pursued very energetically and have already yielded certain results. This is preparing the way for extension of the arena of war.

We know, for instance, what serious problems were created by the pact of mutual assistance concluded by Britain and France with Turkey. The struggle to drag some of the Balkan countries and certain Scandinavian countries, as well as other states, into the orbit of war, is developing.

NEUTRALITY DIMINISHES

If the European war is destined to be a protracted one—and the British and French ruling circles are doing in fact their utmost to protract and extend it with the purpose of utilizing it to consolidate their world supremacy and retain their numerous colonies—the number of neutral countries in Europe will steadily diminish and the number of states involved in the imperialist war inevitably will increase.

We also know that in the case of certain countries neutrality only serves as a mask to conceal their activities in fanning and extending the war, from which they hope to make big profits at the expense of the belligerent powers, their misery, sacrifices and ruin.

And far from the end of the war in Europe and Asia being yet in sight, passions are rising higher and higher around it, inasmuch as the imperialist circles have apparently lost all belief in the possibility of improving their domestic affairs and are chiefly basing their plans on new imperialist conquests, on a new redivision of the world in favor of the strongest imperialist powers, and on destroying and eliminating their competitors together with all claims to their own colonies and colonial wealth.

THE OLD AND THE NEW WORLDS

Hence the present war contains all the seeds of a new, this time world imperialsit war, of course if the working class consents to stand by and allow the imperialist powers to pursue such a policy. Today, we are faced with the danger of the war in Europe, together with the war in Asia, being transformed into a new world-wide and bloody slaughter of the nations if vigorous efforts are not made to prevent it.

That is what the capitalist world has to show this day. It is with far different results that the Soviet Union celebrates the 22nd anniversary of the October Revolution. Thanks to its consistent policy of peace, the U.S.S.R. continues to enjoy the benefits of peace, which enables it the more successfully to advance all branches of the economic and cultural life of the country along the path of progress.

In the light of the new achievements of socialism with which the Soviet Union greets this day, the hopeless crisis of capitalist society stands out all the more obviously.

2 MULTI-NATIONAL STATES

Compare the state of affairs in the multination Soviet Union with what has taken place in Poland, which only yesterday was a multinational bourgeois state resting on oppression of all non-Polish nationalities. The state created by the Polish landlords and capitalists, together with all its leaders, suffered utter bankruptcy. Bourgeois Poland collpased despite the "guarantees" promised her by some great powers, thereby not only revealing her own weakness but also showing that apparently all is not well with the policy of certain European powers.

Whereas the multination Polish state, which contrary to the wishes of the Polish people themselves was built on oppression of non-Polish nationalities, revealed its weakness, instability and bankruptcy at the very first test, the Soviet Union—a multinational state of a totally differently kind, built on an entirely different foundation, that of equality and friendship of all its nations—showed on the contrary its might and indestructible stability.

FULL HARMONY IN U.S.S.R.

In the U. S. S. R. a numerous family of Soviet peoples live together in complete harmony, the moral and political unity of Soviet socialist society is becoming more and more consolidated, and that provides the guarantee of the unshakable might of our state, which is built upon the great principles of the national policy of Lenin and Stalin, on equality and fraternal union of the nations forming it.

The inherent strength, military power and international prestige of the Soviet Union are now making themselves more and more felt. As a result, owing to the collapse of the Polish state and the successful operations of our Red Army, the Western Ukraine with a population of 8,000,000 and Western Byelo-Russia with a population of nearly 5,000,000, have now been reunited with the Soviet Ukraine and Soviet Byelo-Russia.

That is one of the most remarkable successes scored by our foreign policy in recent times. It is today one of the most glorious achievements of which the Soviet Union, true to the principles of its peaceful foreign policy and proletarian internationalism, can be justly proud.

UNITY SEALED

Soviet Byelo-Russia has almost doubled her area and population. She is now a state with a population of 10,000,000, which is more than that of many a European state. From this time on the division of the Byelo-Russian people has ended. The Byelo-Russian people have now been united throughout their whole territory and we may say that the integrity of Byelo-Russia has been fully restored.

The same may be said of the Ukrainian people who for many centuries were split into separate parts and were long subject to severe national oppression. Now the Ukrainian people, too, have been united throughout their whole territory.

The cherished dreams of the finest representatives of the Ukrainian people, who made countless sacrifices in the cuse of national emancipation, have been realized. At last the time has come when we can say that from this time on the Ukraine is united. We may well believe that the Ukraine, with her present 39,000,000 inhabitants and a rapidly growing population, will soon overtake some of the great European countries, France, for example, with her population of 42,000,000.

CAPITALISM RETREATS

Our sister republics, the Ukraine and Byelo-Russia, have added to their size, and our brothers in the Western Ukraine and Western Byelo-Russia entered the ranks of Soviet citizens with profound joy and confidence in their future. Thereby the Soviet Union as a whole has grown, having advanced its frontiers considerably to the West. The Soviet Union has indeed good cause for congratulation on this 22nd anniversary of the October Revolution!

We must not forget, of course, that nine-tenths of the human race are still living within the framework of capitalist society, under the rule of capitalism. The Soviet Union comprises less than one-tenth the population of the globe.

But, as you see, the capitalist world has recently been obliged to yield a little and retreat, while the Soviet Union, by the incorporation of the Western Ukraine and Western Byelo-Russia, has grown in dimensions and increased its population by approximately 13,000,000.

We therefore have reason to congratulate the nations of the Soviet Union on the fact that the Soviet family has grown from 170,000,000 to 183,000,000.

ROTTING SYSTEM

Thus a comparison between the paths of development of the capitalist countries and the Soviet Union speaks against the capitalist world and not for it.

At the beginning of the first imperialist war, Lenin, analyzing the present and highest stage of capitalism, gave a brilliant and profound evaluation of the modern capitalist world. Lenin at that time already said that modern capitalism, with all its achievements in the sphere of material culture and technique, is senile, parasitic and rotting on the stalk.

Roughly a quarter of a century has elapsed since then and Lenin's Marxist analysis of capitalism has been confirmed by boundless evidence of a practical and a scientific-theoretical nature. Since then numerous festering sores and malignant ulcers in the organism of capitalist society have been laid bare, not to mention the fact that the October Socialist Revolution has made the final destruction of the entire capitalist system a practical issue.

CAPITALISM LIVES BY WAR

Everything now goes to show that the internal forces of capitalist society have been sapped by the process of the decay of capitalism to such an extent that without wars, without repeated foreign imperialist adventures, capitalism can no longer exist.

Despite the huge wealth amassed in the hands of the upper stratum of the ruling classes, capitalism can no longer ensure any at all tolerable and stable existence for the overwhelming mass of the population of the capitalist countries—the workers, the peasants and the bulk of the intellectuals. The greater the wealth they have amassed, the more frenzied are the strivings of the imperialists for world supremacy and the more ruthless is their attitude toward their rivals, whom they are prepared to destroy at the expense of their own and other nations, no matter what price is paid, as long as it involves no sacrifice in the realm of their world supremacy.

That is why the old talk of the bourgeois leaders to the effect that the first world imperialist war was also to be the last war has long been forgotten. On the contrary, the leaders of the contemporary capitalist states, especially of the most powerful, and their henchmen of the Blum and Attlee group, are trying to improve their position and find a way out of their difficulties at home in a new imperialist war.

It is they who are responsible for the crime of the present war—they who are trying to protract and extend the present war and who do not cease their criminal work of hoodwinking the masses into believing that all this is being done in defense of democracy.

The conclusion that must be drawn from this is that we cannot hope that the present-day bosses of capitalist society and their "Socialist" agents will voluntarily renounce war and refrain from fomenting and spreading it, but on the contrary we may rather expect that the present war in Europe and Asia will be turned into a new world massacre of the nations for the sake of preserving and consolidating the world supremacy of the imperialist powers concerned.

SOVIET PEACE POLICY AIDS WORLD'S MASSES

Against all this stands the Soviet Union with its policy of peace and its ardent efforts to secure the rapid termination of the war.

It is therefore obvious that a peaceful foreign policy of the Soviet Union conforms not only with the fundamental interests of the peoples of our country and of the countries allied with us, but also with the interests of all mankind, if we indeed mean by that the masses of the other countries and not the ruling cliques and bosses of the imperialist powers.

That means that it is not only our sacred duty, the sacred duty of all Soviet people, to work to develop the domestic forces of the Soviet Union and to strengthen its international prestige, but that this is in the profound interests of all the nations who are yearning for peace, for the speediest termination of the war.

That is why the great names of Lenin, father of the Soviet Union, and Stalin, leader of the peoples in the U.S.S.R., are pronounced with such love and confidence in the future, not only in our country but also far beyond the borders of the Soviet Union.

The names of Lenin and Stalin rouse bright hopes in every corner of the world and reecho as a call to fight for peace and the happiness of the nations, to fight for complete emancipation from capitalism.

THE RISING SOVIET ECONOMIC GIANT

(Proceeding then to describe the growth of the domestic forces of the Soviet Union, Molotov declared that the present program of economic development means that the Soviet Union can, within a short period, within 10 or 15 years, overtake and outstrip the most developed capitalist countries in the economic sphere—per capita production—as well. He went on:)

In the first 10 months of 1939, industrial output in the Soviet Union increased by 14.4 per cent, the output of heavy industry increasing by 15 per cent This rate of industrial progress exceeds not only the rate of last year, when industrial output increased by 12 per cent, but also the assignments of the Third Five-Year Plan, which provides for an average annual increase of 14 per cent.

The output of the machine-building and defense industries increased by 29 per cent, that of defense industry by itself by 45 per cent. Productivity of labor in industry rose by 17 per cent as against 11 per cent last year. That means a highly increased industrial output in comparison with last year required the same, and even a somewhat smaller number of workers.

THE MARCH OF SOCIALIST FARMING

A number of substantial successes have been achieved in agriculture despite certain unfavorable weather conditions. The grain crop amounted to six and one-half billion poods (234,650,000 tons), an increase of 11 per cent as compared with last year. The cotton crop increased by five per cent, flax by 16 per cent, sugar beets by 20 per cent, potatoes by 60 per cent. There is also steady progress in all branches of livestock raising.

(Molotov further declared that the Soviet Agricultural Exhibition, visited by about 3,500,000 persons, demonstrated the numerous outstanding achievements of the collective farmers and will greatly further the progress of Soviet agriculture.

(Speaking of the cultural progress of the Soviet peoples, Molotov stressed particularly the progress of the cultures of the various Soviet nationalities and their increasingly closre intimacy. He continued:)

The profoundly revolutionary character of socialist culture does not mean that we deny the cultural achievements of the past or reject the cultural heritage of the nations. The Bolsheviks are not the kind who forget their kinship with their poeple. We Bolsheviks have come from the very midst of the people and we value and love the glorious deeds marking the history of our people and the history of all other peoples.

Real progress, which is possible only under socialism, must be based on the whole history of the nations and on all their achievements in the past centuries, must reveal the true meaning of the history of the nations, in order to make fully certain a glorious future for one's own people and at the same time a bright future for all nations.

THE PEOPLE DEVELOP THEIR LEADERS

(Molotov, dealing at particular length with one of the most important achievements of the Soviet Union, the increase in the number of new leaders who have developed in the Soviet era and now are leading millions and scores of millions of people, setting an example for the whole country, continued:)

The best representatives of these new men and women of the working class are the Stakhanovites, who give remarkable examples of highly efficient socialist labor. The number of Stakhanovites is growing, their ranks are supplemented by the initiators of new methods of raising labor productivity, new forms of the Stakhanovite movement.

The Stakhanovite movement shows that the new people brought to the surface by Soviet power have acquired great weight in the Soviet Union and there is a widespread and ever increasing movement among the masses to follow the example of these foremost people.

A constantly larger number of workers and collective farmers are joining the Stakhanov movement. Among the youth, and even among the children, we see a new attiture towards study spreading, an attitude permeated by a sincere desire for kiowledge and a profound aspiration to become really useful citizens of their country and their people.

Among the broadest masses of the working people we find a strong urge for cultural art and various forms of social activity

We have laid a reliable foundation for Soviet patriotism, for which our Red Army is renowned and with which all the people of the Soviet Union are imbued.

HEROISM AT LAKE HASSAN

Soviet patriotism achieved wonders at Lake Hassan (Changkufeng) and on the Mongolian-Manchurian frontier. A spirit of lofty Soviet patriotism permeated our Red Army when it marched into the Western Ukraine and Western Byelo-Russia, when the Red infantry advanced at a rate of 60 to 70 kilometers (37 to 43 miles) a day. To Soviet patriots, their country and Communism are one inseparable whole.

All this goes to show that the Soviet Union signifies not only a powerful modern industry and not only collective farms built up by the Soviet Government, but principally and primarily it signifies millions and tens of millions of Soviet people, a new breed of people in this world, people imbued with a conscious socialist attitude to work and study, inspired by Soviet patriotism to perform glorious deeds for their people and for the common cause of the nations of the whole world.

(Molotov stated that one of the principal tasks in the sphere of internal politics was the Communist education of the workers, farmers, office employes and intellectuals, intensified training of Soviet intellectuals who would yield to none in the level of their culture and who would be thoroughly devoted to their people and the socialist state.)

CITES DANGER ABROAD

It need hardly be said that in our domestic policy it would be a crime against our people and our country, to forget the enemies of the people or to show them any leniency.

(Referring to the forthcoming elections to local Soviets, Molotov stated that the number of deputies to be elected to Soviets throughout the U. S. S. R. amounts to 1,300,000, which exceeds the population of some of the smaller European countries He expressed confidence that the new elections would be a powerful demonstration of the unshakable moral and political unity of Soviet society, rallied around the Party and the Government, around Stalin.)

There is no need for me to dwell specially on the foreign policy of the Soviet Government tonight. Everything essential was said recently at the session of the Supreme Soviet and is well known to you. Still, it may be useful to recall some events and lessons we have received because of the tendency among us in the past to underestimate the danger arising from the fact that the Soviet Union is surrounded by capitalist states.

TRAITORS DEFEATED

As we know, the now-routed enemies of the people, all these Trotskyist-Bukharinist agents of foreign espionage services, drew their treasonable conclusions from this fact. They were prepared to sell the Soviet Union piecemeal, to cede to capitalist powers the Maritime Region, the Ukraine, Transcaucasia, Central Asia and the Soviet Byelo-Russia.

These criminal designs against the peoples of the Soviet Union were not fated to be realized, because the peoples of the Soviet Union have strong raith in their cause, because our Bolshevik Party is alive and because our ship is steered by Comrade Stalin.

Despite all the scheming of our enemies at home and abroad, their criminal designs failed and only covered them with shame. The Soviet Union has remained unshakable, has grown even stronger and, as you see, has advanced. Further extending Soviet territory, our country has become even more formidable than ever to our enemies and nearer and dearer to the Soviet peoples and all their sincere friends throughout the world.

VIGILANCE INCREASES

We are justly proud of the successes of our domestic policy, but we have reason to be satisfied with the great successes of our foreign policy as well. The capitalist world is coming to realize ever more clearly that the Soviet Union is not as they would like to see it. They would like to see our country weak and yielding to pressure from outside, but actually it has turned out the other way, for the Soviet Union was and is solidly united, powerful and unshakable.

And that is because of our constant concern during all these years for the security of our country, for the strength of our defenses. This entailed no little material sacrifice, but in return we have won peace for the peoples of the Soviet Union.

We cannot tell what trials stil await us in foreign affairs. But one thing we do know well, that far from relaxing, we must even more persistently increase the defense power of our country.

BOLSHEVIK POLICY PROVED

Bolshevik policy has insured tremendous growth of the internal forces of the Soviet Union and now no trial in foreign affairs holds any terror for our country. The mighty well-spring of the internal forces of the Soviet Union is inexhaustible, and with each passing year our enemies are compelled to reckon more seriously with this indubitable historical fact.

Nevertheless, we know that the best foreign policy for the Soviet Union is our tested policy of peace, which has already brought us no mean successes. We must continue undeviatingly to pursue this domestic and foreign policy. This we know to be the will of the peoples of the Soviet Union, inspired by the great Party of Lenin and Stalin.

We are entering the 23rd year of the October Socialist Revolution. We will march forward along the same sure and tested Leninist road we have followed all these years. It is the road which is leading us to the ultimate victory of Soviet power.

U.S.S.R. Firm in Its Peace Policy, To Benefit All Nations --- Molotov

(Continued from Page 1)

echo as a call to fight for peace and the happiness of the nations, to fight for complete emancipation from capitalism."

Molotov accused the ruling classes of the capitalist states and their "Socialist henchmen" with trying to escape their irreconcilable contradictions by plunging into imperialist war.

"It is they," he said, "who are responsible for the crime of the present war—they who are trying to protract and extend the present war and who do not cease their criminal work of hoodwinking the masses into believing that all this is being done in defense of democracy. The conclusion that must be drawn from this is that we cannot hope that the present-day bosses of capitalist society and their 'Socialist' agents will voluntarily renounce war and refrain from fomenting and spreading it, but on the contrary that we may rather expect that the present war in Europe and Asia will be turned into a new world massacre of the nations for the sake of preserving and consolidating the world supremacy of the imperialist powers concerned."

Though "certain plans for extending the war, by involving the Soviet Union, for example, have gone awry," Molotov declared that "the belligerent powers are making the most strenuous efforts to gain new allies and to line up the neutral countries on their side."

The Soviet Premier scathingly denounced the "neutrality" of certain countries which "only serves as a mask to conceal their activities in fanning and extending the war, from which they hope to make big profits at the expense of the belligerent nations, their misery, sacrifices and ruin."

Warning that "capitalism is tenacious, even though it is no longer in the period of rise, but in decline," Molotov predicted "new and inevitable outbreaks of popular anger against the power of capital."

Present in the brilliantly illuminated hall as Molotov spoke were members of the Moscow Soviet, thousands of Stakhanovites, to whom Molotov paid high praise, representatives of the Soviet intellectuals and guests from what was Western Ukraine and Western Byelo-Russia and now is part of the USSR.

An enthusiastic ovation was accorded Joseph Stalin, General Secretary of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, when he entered the hall and when he was elected to the honorary presiding committee together with members of the Political Bureau of the Communist Party and George Dimitrov, General Secretary of the Communist International.

In Tallinn Harbor

SOVIET NAVY SHIPS are shown in this picture at their new stations in Estonia, guarding the security of the upper Baltic Sea and the Gulf of Finland under terms of the Estonia-Soviet mutual aid pact. Soviet Commander Menetshov (left top), in charge of the Red Navy forces there, is welcomed to Tallinn by Estonian Army Commander Reek. One of the ships of the Red Navy is shown lying an anchor in Tallinn.

British Press Hints War Aid For Finland

(Continued from Page 1)

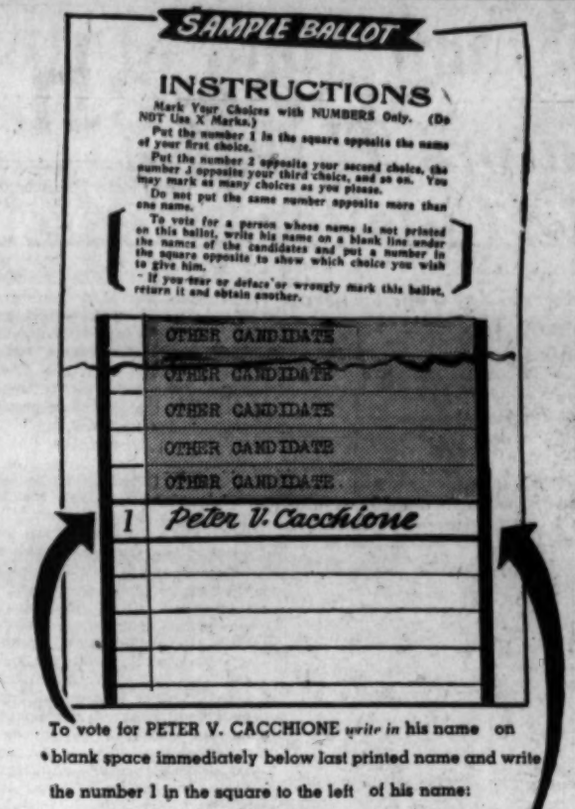
importance. It makes unofficial admission of the truth of the Soviet accusation that the western powers are provoking Sweden and Finland against the Soviet Union and endeavoring to spread war to the Baltic. It also shows that British influence is at work in an anti-Soviet pincers movement—one end of the pincers being located in the Baltic, the other end in the Balkans.

The references to the Balkan situation can be seen in their true perspective against the background of the British war pact with Turkey.

"Observers returning from the Balkans," he says, "confirm the view which prevails in Rome that the darkest shadow hanging over that area is a Russian rather than a German one. In these circumstances, it is important to learn of the impression strongly prevalent there that Turkey would not shrink from fighting to resist any attempt to destroy peace in the Balkans, from whichever quarter it might come."

The article continues — and remember the British talks with Turkey as you read this: "Unrestrained growth of Communism in Bulgaria, encouraged by Russia, would create a situation wholly inimical to the Turkish conception of a unified Balkan bloc. In this attitude Turkey would find herself one with Italy."

What an interesting picture this gives of the direction in which British influence is endeavoring to drive Turkey. And how it shatters the Allied claim that this war is purely for democracy and against Hitler.



To vote for PETER V. CACCHIONE *write in* his name on blank space immediately below last printed name and write the number 1 in the square to the left of his name:

WRITE OUT NAME IN FULL

Sample of PAPER Ballot You'll Get on City Council—After you finish voting by machine today on Judicial candidates, you'll get a paper ballot, which you take into a booth. After you write (or print in) the candidate's name, mark a number 1, as shown. Then mark your second, third and further choice. Take your time. You have five minutes in the booth. If you spoil a ballot ask for another.

The above is the way a Brooklyn ballot is voted.

In New York County write in	1	ISRAEL AMTER
In Bronx County	1	ISIDORE BEGUN
In Queens County	1	PAUL CROSBIE

C.P. to Keep Sharp Watch on Write-In Vote at Polls Today

The Communist Party's campaign committee prepared to fight for an honest count on every write-in vote cast for its four councilmanic candidates, according to arrangements announced yesterday.

A staff of lawyers will be on hand all day today at county headquarters of 4 boroughs.

Voters who experience any difficulty at all at the polls are asked to telephone immediately of any interference with their rights.

In addition, nearly 50 Assembly District headquarters of the Communist Party will be open all day, where staffs will be on hand to assist voters and give any information desired on how to write-in the names of the four Communist candidates.

At the same time the Communist Party issued a final call to all its members to report at their nearest A. D. headquarters to help cover every polling place with final election directives to voters

The County headquarters follow:

Manhattan—381 Fourth Ave.—Tel LO 5-2432.

Bronx—332 East 149th St.—Tel. ME 5-6218.

Brooklyn, 131 Montague—Tel. TR 5-9182.

Queens—41-08 29th St., Long Island City.

The headquarters and telephone numbers of the assembly districts are as follows:

MANHATTAN

1st A.D.	380 Bleecker St.—CH. 2-9180
2nd A.D.	107 Macdougal St.—GR. 5-8976
3rd A.D.	255 W. 14th St.—WA. 9-6970
4th A.D.	187 East Broadway—DR. 4-9710
5th A.D.	400 W. 46th St.—CI. 7-2813
6th A.D.	44 Avenue C—GR. 4-2935
7th A.D.	116-120 W. 65th St., Room 217
8th A.D.	144 Second Ave.—GR. 7-8754
9th A.D.	131 W. 97th St.—RI. 9-4340
10th A.D.	353 Sixth Ave.—LO. 5-2432
11th AD.	250 W. 108th St.—AC. 4-8036
12th A.D.	141 E. 29th St.—MU. 5-7695
14th A.D.	347 East 72nd St.
15th A.D.	64 East 99th St.
16th A.D.	346 East 86th St.—BU. 8-5089
Upper Harlem (19th A.D.)	443 Lenox Ave.—ED. 4-7880
Lower Harlem (17th A.D.)	1668 Madison Ave.—UN. 4-7673
East Harlem (18th, 20th A.D.)	171 E. 116th St.—LE. 4-9784
Washington Heights	3032 Amsterdam Ave.—AU. 3-0368
21st A.D.	443 Lenox Ave.

BROOKLYN

Borough Hall Neighborhood (1st A.D.)	276 Fulton St.—MA. 5-7842
Brighton, Kings Highway, E. Flatbush (2nd A.D.)	2106 E. 12th St.
Bay Ridge (7th A.D.)	131 Montague St.—MA. 5-9477
Coney Island, Bath Beach, Bensonhurst (16th A.D.)	2166 86th St.—ES. 2-8419
Utica Neighborhood, E. Flatbush	289 Utica Ave.—PR. 3-7863
Upper Williamsburgh (4, 14, 15th A.D.)	307 Grand St.—EV. 4-6421
Lower W'msb'h, Ridgewood (13, 19, 20th A.D.)	1083 Flushing Ave.—EV. 4-6720
E.N.Y., Canarsie, Brownsville (22, 23rd A.D.)	1701 Pitkin Ave.—DI. 2-8278
New Utrecht Neighborhood, Boro Park, Bay Ridge (9, 12, 21 A.D.)	5012 New Utrecht Ave.—WI. 7-8719
Stuyvesant-Bedford Neighborhood (5, 10, 11, 17th A.D.)	1060 Fulton St.—WI. 7-8719
Williamsburgh (6th A.D.)	59 Tompkins Ave.—PR. 3-7876

BRONX

South Bronx (1st A.D.)	715 E. 138th St.—MO. 5-7850
Lower Concourse (2nd A.D.)	1390 Jerome Ave.—JE. 8-9216
Boston Road Neighborhood (4th A.D.)	621 East 169th St.
Prospect Park Neighborhood (5th A.D.)	1336 Wilkins Ave.—DA. 3-7290
North East Bronx, Pelham (6th A.D.)	683 Allerton Ave.—OL. 5-9594
Tremont Neighborhood (7th A.D.)	645 E. Tremont Ave.—TR. 2-8857
Upper Concourse, Mosholu (8th A.D.)	1993 Jerome Ave.—TR. 2-9675

QUEENS

Long Island City, Astoria (1st A.D.)	41-08 29th St., L.I.C.—IR. 6-9453
Sunnyside, Woodside, Thompson Hills (2nd A.D.)	41-08 29th St., L.I.C.
Corona (3rd A.D.)	33-08 105th St., Corona
Jamaica (4th A.D.)	162-02 Jamaica Ave., Rm. 12—JA. 6-9606
The Rockaways, Ozone Pk. (8th A.D.)	162-02 Jamaica Ave., Rm. 12
Forest Hills, Kew Gardens, Ridgewood, Maspeth (6th A.D.)	41-08 29th St., L.I.C.

8,000 CIO Shoe Workers Meet Tomorrow

To Hear Report on Fight With Employers to Win Better Contract

District Council 13 of the United Shoe Workers of the CIO called its 8,000 members in the ladies' shoe division to a mass meeting at Webster Hall, 11 East 11th St., at 6:30 tomorrow night to press tis fight for a 20 cents per pair increase in the coming contract.

The membership will hear a report by I. Rosenberg, the union's manager, on negotiations that have dragged for the past month with the Shoe Manufacturers' Board of Trade apparently not in a very great hurry to come to an agreement.

The present contract expires by midnight of Nov. 14. A strike may be the outcome if a new agreement is not reached by that time.

For the past year the Council has been operating under an old contract it has inherited from J. Mara, head of the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union of the A. F .of L., of which it was once a part. The indefiniteness of the wage scales and other provisions in that contract has greatly handicapped the union's fight to give the workers greater security.

WANT LIVING COST CLAUSE

In addition to the 20-cent raise, the union is demanding an emergency clause in the new contract which would enable the revision of wage rates in event of a rise in the cost of living.

The shoe workers are among the lowest paid of the skilled workers. The workers affected in the negotiations manufacture some of the most expensive lines of shoes, but earnings for many are about $20 weekly.

The rise in the cost of living has added considerable pressure in the union's ranks for a substantial improvement in the contract. The membership meeting tomorrow night will undoubtedly express this sentiment.

Council 13 is one of the most progressive and militant unions in New York. Its leaders have expressed a determination to take full advantage while the economic rise lasts to raise the standards of the workers and entrench the union more securely in the industry.

Aide of Jersey Governor Held In Mail Fraud

L. N. Gaffney Charged With Million-Dollar Stock Swindle

Leo N. Gaffney of Plainfield, N. J., a colonel on the staff of Gov. A. Harry Moore, was under Federal indictment with five associates and two corporations yesterday on charges of swindling the investing public of more than $1,000,000.

The defendants were charged specifically with mail fraud and violation of the Securities and Exchange Act in connection with a scheme to get control of banking institutions whose assets allegedly were diverted.

U. S. Attorney John T. Cahill charged that Gaffney and his associates swindled persons of high standing in the business and professional world by representing that the Du Ponts of Delaware were interested in their venture.

The corporation defendants were the Bank of Industrial Service, Inc., of Wilmington, Del., now in equity receivership, of which Gaffney was president and a director, and Hiltz and Company, Inc.

The Bank of Industrial Service, according to the government, controls the City Bank and Trust Company of Wilmington, the Bergen Trust Company of Jersey City, N. J., and the Brookline Savings and Trust Company of Pittsburgh.

20 Die in Bus Crash

MANILA, P. I., Nov. 6.—Twenty Filipinos were reported killed today in the plunge of a passenger bus through a wooden bridge into a swollen stream at La Castellana, Occidenta Negroes Province.

Write In Communist Candidates for Peace

(Continued from Page 1)

distributed in the four boroughs, through the most extensive combing of neighborhoods the Communist Party has ever conducted in this city.

This morning, at every polling place, Communist election workers will hand voters cards to be taken into the booth, showing just how the Communist candidates' names are to be written in.

WHERE TO WRITE-IN

Voters will first vote for judicial candidates on machines, after which a paper ballot will be handed them with the names of the councilmanic candidates upon them.

The name of the Communist candidate will be written in by voters in blank spaces below the printed list, as especially provided by the City Charter.

A staff of lawyers will be on hand all day at county headquarters of the Communist Party ready to take every possible step to protect voters against interference in their rights.

The Party's effort to participate in this election encountered greater difficulties than at any time in its New York history. Although it collected a total of 41,000 signatures—more than five times as many as required for its four candidates—a trivial technicality, which even the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court ruled is not sufficient grounds, was declared by the Court of Appeals as cause to invalidate the petition.

The fact that Peter V. Cacchione came within only 349 votes of election in 1937 as Councilman from Brooklyn, was undoubtedly one of the main reasons to influence the judicial ban of the Communist candidates. Growth of Communist strength since 1937 would have made Cacchione's election a foregone conclusion.

BARRED FROM RADIO

A second blow aimed at the Communist candidates, was denial of radio rights to them, with WNEW, which had a contract with the Communist campaign committee for the duration of the drive, taking a lead on this front.

From indications, now, it appears that an attempt will be further made to deny Communists the right to have observers at the counting of votes for the Council.

The Communist Party has made no official endorsement of any candidates but its own.

Unlike the 1937 situation, when there was unity in progressive ranks, with the American Labor Party a center for an anti-Tammany campaign, today progressive voters have few to choose outside of the Communist list. The Communist Party declared in a statement last week that because the A.L.P. candidates and State Committee have taken a pro-war stand, making support for the Allies a condition for party membership, no progressives could vote for them.

PROGRESSIVES VS. TAMMANY

There are a number of independent candidates who have been among the more consistent progressives and they are drawing the strongest support from the anti-Tammany and genuine peace forces.

In Brooklyn, Benjamin F. Butler, Jr., running on the City Fusion ticket, is one of the outstanding progressives and only Negro candidate in the election. The Communist Party of the Bedford-Stuyvesant section of Brooklyn addressed a letter to all Negro voters expressing support for him and asked Negro voters to give the second choice to Cacchione.

Genevieve B. Earle, Brooklyn incumbent, was one of the most consistent of the anti-Tammany bloc in the Council She will undoubtedly rally much progressive support.

For the State Senate seat of the Ninth District of Brooklyn, left vacant, Assemblyman Daniel Gutman, Democrat, is rallying strong progressive support on his quite consistent voting record in the assembly.

On the municipal court judgeship Bernard Reswick, candidate on the A.L.P. ticket in Brooklyn's First District, appeared to be the only other candidate in that borough that progressives would support.

In Manhattan, outside of Israel Amter, the Councilmanic candidate of the Communist Party, there appeared only one other for the Council whom progressives are giving support — Councilman Robert K. Straus, who is running on a Democratic, City Fusion and Non-Partisan ticket.

THE JUDICIAL RACES

On Manhattan's judicial choice, progressive attention centered chiefly upon Municipal Court Judge Dorothy Kenyon of the Third District; Harold P. Levin, candidate in the First District. Allen Goodwin, candidate in the Second and Ross Kenyon, candidate for the Court of General Sessions.

All four of the candidates are on the A.L.P. ticket. Judge Kenyon is also on the Republican.

Bronx, where Isidore Begun is the Communist Councilmanic candidate, and Michael J. Quill, the city's outstanding laborite, draws the widest progressive support for re-election, there appears no other candidates that honest progressives could support.

The American Labor Party of the Bronx has devoted more effort upon defeating Quill than upon electing the two candidates on its own slate. Some of the A.L.P. leaflets had footnotes which read "Down with Mike Quill."

Quill has aroused the hatred of the A.L.P. top family because he declared that from his experiences as an Irish Republican fighter, British imperialism is no better than that of the Nazis, and refused to support the pro-Allied resolution in exchange for endorsement. Quill has taken a strict neutrality stand.

In Queens true progressives have only Paul Crosbie, Communist Councilmanic candidate to write in on the ballot. There are no others who can rate a second choice vote. On the judicial slate there is much progressive support for Bertha Robinson, candidate for the Supreme Court of the Second District and Milton Davidoff, Municipal Court Judge candidate of the A.L.P. in the Second District.

Another issue before the voters is an amendment to the state constitution to legalize pari-mutuel betting at the race tracks.

Mayor LaGuardia urged the voters to vote down the amendment because it would be a step toward the "complete let-down" of barriers to open gambling.

Twelve Injured In Massachusetts Train Derailment

WESTFIELD, Mass., Nov. 6 (UP).—Twelve persons were injured and all 63 passengers were shaken severely today when the New England State Specia' — Chicago-to-Boston Express—was derailed three miles west of Westfield.

The entire train, moving at 50 miles an hour over the Boston and Albany Railroad tracks, left the rails. The locomotive, its tender, and nine cars turned over, but stopped short of a 20-foot embankment which would have carried them to a parallel highway.

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Union Ready to Parley, Western Union Is Told

Responsibility of 'Friso Strike Rests on Co., CIO Leader Asserts

(Special to the Daily Worker)

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 6.—Mervyn Rathborne, president of the American Communications Association, CIO union which has been leading the strike against Western Union here, has notified company officials that the union is ready to negotiate at any time.

Rathborne took his action after the National Labor Relations Board ordered the dissolution of the Association of Western Union Employes, the company union.

Full responsibility for continuance of the strike was placed by the union leader on M. T. Cook, general manager of the Western Union, if the company refuses the CIO offer of negotiations. Rathborne sent a message to Cook reviewing the strike and the company's persistent refusal to confer with the union.

CLAIMS 'CONTRACT' BINDS CO.

Until yesterday the company had refused to cooperate with Walter G. Mathewson, United States Conciliation Commissioner, who first entered the case on Oct. 7, because it claimed that it was bound by contract to deal exclusively with the AWUE.

With the AWUE scrapped by the Board and all its contracts cancelled by the same action, hopes for a meeting of the company and employe representatives to settle the issues involved in the present strike rose.

Mathewson was advised from Washington to re-enter the case in an effort to bring the disputing parties to the conference table. In his communication of today, Rathborne drew attention to the action of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors on Sept. 18 recommending that the company meet representatives of the union in an effort to settle the strike.

At no time during the course of the two-month old strike of clerks, operators and messengers have company officials accepted the invitation of the ACA to meet to discuss the issues involved in the dispute.

PROBE SHIPOWNERS

In answer to allegations that the union might sabotage merchant ships, Curran asserts:

"The National Maritime Union will not tolerate the undermining of the American Merchant Marine, nor will it harbor and protect enemies of the country.

"Instead of trying to whip up American public opinion into a frenzy of hysteria against trade unions about plots against American shipping," the letter adds, "it would be well for the committee to look into the activities of the un-American shipowners, who, for years, have been operating a majority of their ships under foreign flags and employing alien seamen, while at the same time, accepting subsidies from the U. S. Government for their ships sailing under the American flag."

In refutation of testimony questioning the loyalty of the union's membership to the American Government and the flag, the letter points out that many members and officers of the NMU are World War Veterans and Naval Reserve and ex-servicemen.

"Being a good union man does not make a man a bad American. On the contrary, it makes him a better member of that larger Union—the United States of America.

"We state, unequivocally, that we will be among the first to defend our country against any and all enemies, regardless who they may be."

After again accusing the committee of permitting "irresponsible persons" to tell deliberate lies, which become public record without any effort to check up on these statements, the letter declares:

"Unless under democratic process they (the committee) permit persons accused to make an answer in the same manner as accusations are made, this whole process is un-American, and it is time this fantastic farce being conducted by Congressman Dies at public expense be discontinued."

Drunks, Criminals Are Dies' Tools, NMU Charges

Union Tells Roosevelt It Seeks to Build Up Merchant Marine, Declares Shipowners Are Guilty of Un-Americanism

The Dies Committee is using habitual drunkards and "felons for the purpose of creating a smoke screen of Communism over the members and officials of the National Maritime Union to turn the general public against the seamen and the progressive trade union movement," Joseph Curran, president of the N.M.U., charged in a letter today.

The letter was addressed to President Roosevelt, the cabinet, and all members of Congress.

"Witnesses like William C. McCuistion (now under arrest for the murder of Philip Carey, NMU official, in New Orleans on September 17), a habitual drunkard and a person with a questionable record," says the letter, "show how far the one-sided inquiry has gone.

"The National Maritime Union, its members and officers, on behalf of whom I speak, are not communists," the letter continues.

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Amter Wires Lehman, Wallace to Act At Once to Halt Milk Price Increase

Israel Amter, Communist candidate for City Council, yesterday sent wires to Governor Lehman, Mayor LaGuardia and Secretary of Agriculture Wallace asking them to act immediately to prevent a threatened increase of one-quarter of a cent in the price of milk.

The increase was predicted as it was announced that the members of three locals of the Teamsters Union had reached an agreement with the milk trusts for wage increases.

Increased wages for the drivers, Amter said, do not justify an increase in the price to the consumer.

Amter declared that the prices of food have risen generally without correspondingly general wage increases and said that if the milk price increase is permitted the cost to the consumer will reach the highest peak it has hit since 1931.

About 16,000 members of Locals 584, 338, 680 of the Teamsters meeting in New York, Newark and Mount Vernon voted to accept the contract with the companies covering all phases of milk distribution in the metropolitan area.

Amter's telegrams said:

"Milk distributors unofficially announce another price increase in consumer price in immediate future. This will make consumer price highest since 1931. Excuse is contract with milk drivers. Increase to Labor can well be met from the profits and spread between farm and consumer price. Previous increase in consumer price did not go to producer announced but into coffers of milk trust. Merciless gouging of consumers in commodity such as milk is certainly of public concern. Urge immediate action to stop contemplated increase. Food prices have already gone up 10 per cent with no corresponding in crease in wages.

A meeting of Sheffield drivers in Manhattan Center approved the contract, although a smaller gathering in Beethoven Hall did not. The contract calls for wage raises of from $2 to $11 a week and for shorter hours for driving the routes.

Under the contract the post of an impartial arbitrator is set up and the post has been offered to Arthur S. Meyer, a member of the New York State Board of Mediation.

A SPECIAL MESSAGE TO THE COMMUNIST PARTY MEMBERS OF NEW YORK STATE

The National Political Committee, acting jointly with the New York State Committee of the Communist Party, yesterday published a special appeal to members of the Party to intensify the Daily Worker fund drive and the campaign for bail bond funds as the best method of meeting the intensified onslaught of reaction.

The message follows:

Comrades:

Now is the historic hour when every member must come to the defense of the Communist Party. New York City has been selected as the sinister stage of operation for the long prepared and much heralded major attack upon our legal existence. The spearhead of reaction is aimed at our vitals here, in the arrest of our National Secretary, Earl Browder. It took three years to drag America into the first imperialist World war. But then as now actual entrance into the war was preceeded by a wave of chauvinism under the slogan of "preparedness" under cover of which attacks on labor and its organizations, the infamous "Mooney frameup" were carried through. War hysteria was whipped up then but only after the official declaration of war were arrests, violence, persecution of all militant labor organizations and individuals carried through on a mass scale. The militant vanguard was the target then, as now.

In history to repeat itself in shameful fashion only speeded up, streamlined in 1939? Are we to have "Red Raids" again? The witch hunt is on! Shades of A. Mitchell Palmer! The pack of the boss class is baying over the radio and in the press. Martin Dies is the fingerman this time and the same J. Edgar Hoover is on the job. Our Party is their first target, comrades, today as the militant vanguard of the working class.

The membership of the Communist Party is the natural first line of defense. The promptness and courage of our self defense will hearten and inspire all friends and sympathizers to rally to our support. The case of Earl Browder is a political, not a criminal case. The so-called "passport charge" is a convenient subterfuge. It was known for many years to the government. Nothing was done. Threats are publicized that hundreds of other Party leaders will be arrested. We must be prepared to meet such a situation when it arises, regardless of its magnitude; prepared to defend our leadership and our Party.

•

The Bill of Rights of the U. S. Constitution is clear and explicit. It guarantees free speech, free press, free assemblage; that excessive bail shall not be required; and insures protection against search and seizure. It does not say, "except for Communists"! It means for us or for nobody. If we have no rights and are to be treated as outlaws, no workers have rights. Fascism is then upon us. In defending the rights of our Party to exist, to run candidates, to carry on its educational work as the real Party of Socialism in America, we are defending all unions, all political parties of labor, and all the labor press. The indictment of Browder is a frame-up against the Bill of Rights! We must sound the alarm! If Communists have no rights the American people have no rights. We must fight for American rights. We must rally the American people to defend Earl Browder whom the bosses hope to make the first **American political prisoner of the second World War.**

The ruling class of America is moving swiftly in the direction of war. Their attack is on the Communist Party as the most eloquent voice, the best fighter against this war. To preserve our Party, to carry on this fight against war, means first to sustain it financially, keep it alive and able to function at maximum efficiency. This means heavy new and added tasks. No union or other Party could undertake them. Communists can and Communists will.

First of all we must guarantee that our Party will be able to conduct our daily activities. Therefore the National Committee and the New York State Committee of the Communist Party jointly urge the immediate necessity of completing the Party Fund Drive. The rapid successful completion of the $250,000 campaign will insure the carrying on of our day-to-day work in this present emergency.

The fight centers here in New York City. We urge all Party members to actively work in this drive. Speed it up. Finish it up. Sacrifice till it hurts! Give a week's wages! If you can't afford this sum, then at least a day's pay! Show the forces of reaction what Communists can do to support their Party. Build up the body and blood, the muscles and sinews of our Party for the battles ahead!

•

The healthy life of our Party depends considerably upon the Daily Worker. The Daily Worker depends entirely upon the money raised in this campaign. It is the living heart of the defense of the Communist Party. Our responsibility is to keep it going strong, come what will. Defense of our Party is inconceivable without our Daily Worker. Speed up the drive to guarantee the safety of our press, finish it up—put the Daily on a firm rock foundation for the coming battles ahead.

The second major task of our Party membership at this moment is to raise a Bail Fund. Comrades Elizabeth Gurley Flynn and Robert Minor have been authorized by the Communist Party to set up the "Defense Committee for Civil Rights for Communists." They are concentrating on the Bail Fund. The arrest of Comrade Earl Browder was staged in unusual and indecent fashion. Subpoenaed as a witness before the Grand Jury, he was rushed to jail, denied consultation with his attorney. Excessive bail of $10,000 was demanded on a charge where bail is ordinarily $500 to $1,000. As in 1917, the large bonding companies, who never balk at placing bail for any type of criminal charge, for white-slavers, gangsters, drug peddlers and thieves, refused to write a bond for Earl Browder. The person who placed his bail was immediately rushed before the Grand Jury, and subjected to sensational publicity. This despicable coercion was done deliberately to frighten sympathetic people. Its purpose is to stop all bail for Communists. Anyone has a legal right to give bail fixed by a court. Individuals, however, will not now step forward with large sums and have this barrage of intimidation. We must raise our own Bail Fund of $100,000 at least and right away. We are justified in anticipating more arrests and the need for more bail and lots of it.

The Bail Fund is a loan fund. It is guaranteed by a responsible committee of our Party. It will be invested in government bonds and the interest paid to the lenders. Loans can be withdrawn upon reasonable notice Small amounts are welcome as donations but are slow for this emergency. We need loans of $50 to $100 and more, from members, friends and sympathizers for the Bail Fund for Communists. Surely there are one thousand members and friends of our Party who will lend $100 for bail right away. One thousand loans of $100 each are what our Party needs today. Quick action, group action, is imperative.

Do you want to thwart Dies? Do you want to challenge the Republican headhunters who clamored for Browder's arrest? Do you want to curb war hysteria? Do you want to buck up the faint-hearted liberals? Do you want to administer a stinging rebuke to New Dealers who are jeopardizing 1940 by their craven backing and filling? Now is your chance. Have you been saying, 'I'd like to do more!'? You can, comrades and friends. Give to the Party Fund Drive. Complete your quota. Let's go over the top to support the Communist Party. Lend to the Bail Fund, at 799 Broadway, Room 524 to keep our comrades out of jail.

Build one war chest! Keep active fighters on the firing line of the class struggle for peace, security, democracy in America! Defend the Bill of Rights in defending the Communist Party of the U.S.A. In the immortal words of the Declaration of Independence, to this historic task let us "mutually pledge to each other our lives, our fortunes, and our sacred honor."

For the New York State Committee
CHARLES KRUMBEIN
ISRAEL AMTER
For the Political Committee, C.P.U.S.A.
EARL BROWDER
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

Claims and Counter Claims Of Belligerents

(Continued from Page 1)

British battleships have been driven from the North Sea by raiding Nazi warplanes and that "we are unable to find any more British capital ships there."

Smaller British warships, such as destroyers and cruisers, remain in the North Sea, Buelow told foreign newspaper correspondents, but the German air force isn't interested in wasting its bombs on them.

LONDON, Nov. 6 (UP).—Naval circles cited diminishing losses in merchant shipping today in support of claims that German submarine warfare had been checked satisfactorily.

Britain's losses during October and early November were only about half of those incurred during September, it was stated, while French losses have increased slightly and neutral losses are unchanged.

Of 18,500,000 tons of British merchant shipping afloat at the start of the war, it was pointed out, less than 1½ per cent has been lost.

Ships sunk since the start of the war by German submarines, armed raiders or by mines were said to total:

Britain	55 ships	238,793 tons
France	7 ships	47,933 tons
Neutral	34 ships	93,823 tons

Campaign for Quill in the Bronx

RE-ELECT COUNCILMAN QUILL IS SLOGAN OF BRONX DRIVE AT QUILL HEADQUARTERS—Sidney Altschuler, 665 E. 179th St., the Bronx, campaigns for re-election of Councilman Michael J. Quill (above, right).

OUT TO GET WOMEN'S VOTE—Miss Josephine Lynch, 3729 Hull Ave., the Bronx, pictured yesterday as she joined in the campaign to re-elect Councilman Quill.

Beat Tammany Is Quill's Final Plea to Voters

Urges Election of Council Which Will Back Mayor LaGuardia

(Continued from Page 1)

ple, but to launch a vicious and slanderous attack upon me."

"As citizens in a democracy, tolerance must be the first article in our faith. In all modesty, I think that I can truthfully say that I have during my term of office fought against racial and religious intolerance as courageously and vigorously as any man. And I pledge myself to continue that fight."

VOTE THIS WAY

"Housing to my mind is our number one problem," Quill said. 'Thousands in the Bronx are now condemned to live in overcrowded and unsanitary firetraps. These slums must be eliminated and they must be replaced by clean, light and airy houses which shall rent for not more than $5 per room and be made available to all without discrimination because of race, creed or color.

"To that end I pledge that if I am re-elected I shall use my office to put through a program which will require the City of New York to exercise its right to use 330 million dollars for low rent housing projects, giving at least three such projects to the Bronx.

"The prohibitive prices established by the milk trust deprive thousands of this necessity. I propose the establishment of a city-owned yard-stick milk plant which will compel the milk trust to lower its prices. And I shall also urge the establishment of more milk stations so that milk may be distributed to the unemployed either free of charge or at a rate low enough for them to buy it.

"My health program provides for:

"Substantial increases in the budget of the Health Department to provide more health centers and free clinics, maternity wards and hospital beds.

"The establishment in our borough of free clinics for the treatment of cancer and tuberculosis.

"The building of a city hospital in the northeast section of the Bronx.

"The enactment of the bill which I introduced in the Council to establish free dental service for our children in every public school in the city.

"I shall continue to carry on the fight for the following measures for the unemployed:

"A 40 per cent increase in relief payments, with the state making larger contributions.

"Increased food and rent allowances, and a full clothing allowance.

"Increase in Welfare Department personnel."

Injection of other than local problems are false issues calculated to confuse the voters and assure defeat for progressive city goverdment, he said.

Addressing himself directly to the people of the Bronx, Mr. Quill said:

"You have been my first choice during the past two years. I ask you to designate me tomorrow as your first choice for councilman from the Borough of the Bronx."

Registry Shift Aimed at Union N.M.U. Charges

Curran Calls Lines' Use Of Foreign Flag Move For Involvement in War

(Continued from Page 1)

these ships we'll send 10,000 seamen to Washington and we'll picket the place until they drop.

"This isn't only an anti-labor move," Curran declared, "It is a step toward drawing the United States into the war."

Any American ship, under whatever registry, he said, which was sailing for a port of a belligerent nation, would be a target for submarines and mines.

If such a ship were sunk, the seamen's leader declared there would be great indignation among the American people. This, he said would "give the warmongers a chance to capitalize on that indignation and drag the United States into the war."

"It is not only against the public policy to shift these vessels to Panamaian registry," said the seamen's fighting leader, "but the Maritime Commission in this case is acting as usual as a stooge for the shipowners and the shipowners are interested only in fat war profits."

When Did Feeney, Alias Thomas, Lie: In Congressional Directory or in Court?

(Continued from Page 1)

variance with an affidavit made out by him when applying for a change of name back in 1919.

Following the exposure made by Browder Sunday in Boston that the Dies Committee member had been transformed from Feeney to Thomas, from a Catholic to a Protestant and from an Irishman to a Mason, Feeney-Thomas (or Thomas-Feeney) admitted today at his home in Allendale, N. J., that his real name was Feeney.

Stung by Browder's suggestion that Attorney General Murphy find out whether Feeney-Thomas had violated a federal statute prohibiting a person from holding office under names other than his own, Feeney-Thomas declared:

"There is nothing new about my name being changed. Everybody knows about it in this state."

But Feeney, alias Thomas, did not explain why, if "everybody knows about it," he took such pains to conceal his real name in the Congressional Directory.

What motive did Feeney, alias Thomas, have for changing his name and for hiding the fact that the change had been made?

The discrepancy between Feeney-Thomas' record in the Congressional Directory and his affidavit for a change of name, also remained a mystery

In this affidavit, filed in the Westchester County Court in 1919, Feeney-Thomas swore that he was born in Jersey City in January, 1895, and "attended school at Jersey City until he was eleven and then moved to Allendale." According to this, he did not move to Allendale until 1906. But in his biography in the Congressional Directory, as well as in Who's Who In America and Who's Who In New Jersey, Feeney-Thomas states he has resided in Allendale, N. J., since 1900. Is there any connection between this discrepancy and the motive for the change of names?

The New York Times, while devoting more than two columns yesterday to Browder's Boston speech, carefully deleted all mention of the Feeney-Thomas mystery. So did the Sun, the Post and the Journal-American. None of these papers could claim that they had not seen the Feeney-Thomas accusation. For all the stories reported that the Boston speech had been carried in full in the Daily Worker. The Daily Worker, in two six-column headlines on page one, which could not be missed by anyone, said, "Thomas, Dies' Aide, Hides Real Name; Browder Calls On Murphy to Act."

In discussing the Feeney-Thomas mystery, Browder had declared in his Boston address:

"Mr. Murphy might find out, for example, that the name J. Parnell Thomas is itself a pseudonym. Yes, it must have been a puckish and mischievous Fate which directed the Republican Party National Committee to pick out J. Parnell Thomas to voice its demand for my prosecution for using pseudonyms in past years, for this gentleman is himself sitting in Congress, took his oath of office, and is drawing a Federal salary, under a pseudonym. He is in fact the son of the late John Parnell and Georgiana Feeney, good Irish Catholics of Jersey City, born to them on Jan. 16, 1895, and christened by them with the name 'John Parnell Feeney, Jr.

"How and why this John Parnell Feeney, Jr., Catholic and Irish, became transformed into 'J. Parnell Thomas,' Protestant and Mason, without the 'junior,' and even entered Congress and took the oath of office under this alias, is a story which he should be allowed to tell in his own words. I understand, however, that there is a Federal Statute that prohibits any person from holding office or drawing salary from the government under any name other than his own. Since Attorney General Murphy has become interested in tracing down pseudonyms, is it too much to expect that he will look into this matter, along with many others that may be brought to his attention in the future?"

War-Senators Threaten More Relief Cuts 'for Defense'

Rep. Coffee Assails Sen. Byrnes for Veiled Threat To Block Social Measures; Liberals, Tories Clash on Issue as Battle Lines Are Drawn

By Adam Lapin
(Daily Worker Washington Bureau)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 6.—Battle lines began to shape up today on one of the most decisive issues of the next session of Congress—whether or not work relief and other social reforms will be swept aside in a wave of war hysteria. Liberal Congressmen and Senators sharply assailed an unusually revealing statement by Senator James F. Byrnes of South Carolina in which he urged drastic cuts in relief on the grounds that the funds would be needed for "national defense."

Senator Byrnes declared that advocates of WPA and PWA programs would find it "exceedingly difficult" to get appropriations passed by Congress but that armaments expenditures would receive the green light.

As one of the leaders of the campaign for repeal of thear ms embargo, Senator Byrnes was believed to have given authoritative expression to a growing trend in administration circles as well as among many conservative and middle-of-the-road Democrats.

Launching of a huge Navy and Army expansion program at the next session is now considered a certainty. What Senator Byrnes helped clear up was the point of who is expected to pay.

Rep. John Coffee of Washington, chairman of the House liberal bloc, stated that he was "in absolute disagreement" with the point of view expressed by Byrnes.

"We've had enough war jitters already," Coffee said. "I believe the emphasis in Congress ought to be on just such domestic reforms rather than on the endless disagreements and squabbles of Europe."

Senator Claude Pepper of Florida said that "nobody who reflected on the issue would want to make WPA workers pay for national defense."

He expressed the opinion that "the most pressing problem facing America is unemployment. The war is taking enough toll all over the world, without making the class of people in the United States which can least afford it bear the burden of re-armament."

David Lasser, president of the Workers Alliance, gave support to the chorus of protests by liberal legislators against the Byrnes statement.

Lasser recalled that the Alliance had warned against just such reliance on a war boom to take care of the unemployed in a letter to all members of Congress only a few days ago.

"The truth of the matter is that there has been no rise in employment as a result of the present boom," he said. "Increases in production have resulted in jobs for only a small fraction of America's unemployed."

He pointed out that it takes approximately four jobs in private industry to absorb one WPA worker, and that so far in the last few months 1,300,000 WPA workers have been discharged from the rolls whereas private industry has given jobs to a total of only 600,000.

"Even if there were 5,000,000 new jobs in industry that would just barely take care of those fired from WPA as a result of the Woodrum Bill, not to speak of those still on the rolls and of the millions of other unemployed who need a continued and expanded WPA," Lasser said.

CIO leaders, asked to comment on the Byrnes statement, simply pointed to the resolutions passed at the San Francisco convention of the CIO which urged expansion or WPA and warned against the scuttling of domestic reforms as a result of the war situation.

SENATORS TAKE STAND

From Senator George W. Norris came the flat statement that "we just can't cut relief expenditures."

"It's an impossibility," said the veteran Nebraska Senator. "I don't care if relief is in the interest of national defense or not. I'm for it because it's the humane thing to do. I see no way of cutting down on those expenditures now."

Senator Josh Lee of Oklahoma said that he was in "violent disagreement" with Senator Byrnes. "I've been afraid all along that war hysteria would sabotage the New Deal's economic and political reforms," he declared.

Lee said that he was in favor of expanding WPA and of launching a permanent public works program to be financed at least in part by the revolving loan system advocated by President Roosevelt last year.

U. S. Invokes Old Spy Law for Plane Plants

Stringent Control of Aviation Factories and Employes Announced; Relax Ban on Sale Of New Models to Allies

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6 (UP).—The government advised aircraft manufacturers today that it is applying the old war espionage act to assure stringent control over the civilian aeronautical industry.

At the same time the war and navy departments announced that they were removing one bar to foreign purchases of military aircraft here by waiving the present regulation forbidding sale of new models for 18 months after their initial production. The newly-applied regulations, officials explained, are sufficient to halt any leaks of vital military secrets.

Under this policy the war and navy departments, in the interest of national defense and to keep military secrets, are privileged to reject any item of equipment for sale to a foreign government and the State Department would deny a license to export that commodity. The war and navy departments virtually are given a free hand to determine what airplanes and aeronautical equipment may be released by manufacturers.

MUST REPORT ALL ORDERS

Application of the old regulations has been approved by Secretary of War Harry H Woodring and Acting Secretary of Navy Charles Edison. The otner was dispatched to aircraft manufacturers for "their guidance" in filling the expected flood of European war plane orders arising from repeal of the arms embargo.

Mayor Orders 18,000 Cops To Guard Polls

Mayor LaGuardia last night placed the responsibility of guarding the polls against fraud on the 18,000 policemen who will be on duty at the polling places today.

He said that he had issued orders to all patrolmen on duty requiring them to "personally take the count at the closing of the polls from the voting machines and register that count in their own note books."

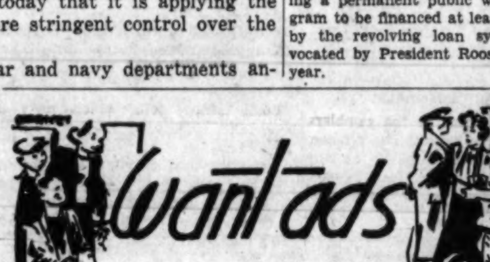
The mayor pointed out that if there was any variance in the count with that of the Board of Elections officials, they will make a notation of that on a slip that goes to the police department as well as making a special report on the matter.

"There is no way," the mayor explained, "to make such a check on paper ballots cast in primary elections. But where machines are used, as in the case of pari-mutuels and the judicial candidates, they can use their own 'god-given' eyes and see the actual totals in the machines."

Epidemic Kills 12 in Asylum in Connecticut

NORWICH, Conn., Nov. 6 (UP).—An epidemic of dysentery which caused 12 deaths within three weeks, and isolation of 220 patients, was revealed at Norwich State Hospital for the insane today.

There are now 47 cases under actual treatment, according to super-



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13TH, 336 E. (Apt. 3-E). Unfurnished or furnished; improvements; kitchen privileges.

17TH, 136 E. (Apt. 26). Warm, comfortably furnished; bath, shower, elevator; reasonable.

111TH, 536 W. (Apt. 87). Spacious, attractive, front; suitable 1-2; private family.

137TH, 616 W. (Apt. 4-D). Light, elevator, telephone, Drive, Subway; reasonable.

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GRAND CONCOURSE, 2676 (Apt. 1-C). Large, attractive front room; woman; one block Kingsbridge Station.

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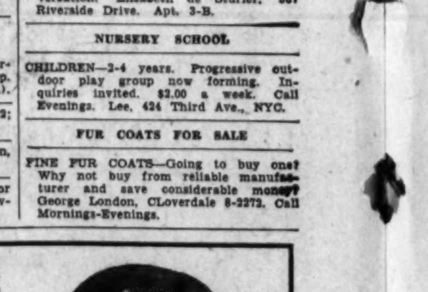

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PENSION BALLOTS, MAYORALTY CAMPAIGN HOLD ELECTION SPOTLIGHTS

California Votes on 'Ham and Eggs' Plan At Polls Today

HAM 'N EGGS FOR A HAM 'N EGGER.—Charles Tilly is served a platter of the real thing by Billie Richardson in the San Francisco Ham and Eggs office. California citizens were scheduled to vote today on a plan which would pay $30 in warrants every Thursday to every person over 50.

Big Business Group Admit They Spent Heavily in Effort to Defeat Pension and Other Progressive Measures

(Special to the Daily Worker)

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 6.—California goes to the polls tomorrow with predictions that a close contest on the "30 every Thursday" for all persons over 50 will result.

After the state's most expensive election campaign in its history, during which millions of dollars were spent, Pension and Labor forces will enter the contest with a much stronger sentiment for the "ham and eggs" plan than in the past.

Anti "ham and egg" forces admit that they spent $660,000 on propaganda and publicity in the month of October alone in their effort to defeat the pension. The total of their expenditures rus well into seven figures. The oil companies, too, have spent huge sums on the oil control act referendum.

Odds are quoted by the gamblers as four to one against the pension plan, but adherents of it declare that the odds "are phoney" as part of the propaganda to defeat the measure.

The Retirement Life Payments Association, predicting victory tomorrow points to the fact that it has a membership today of better than 400,000. A year ago when the pension plan was defeated by 250,000 votes the association numbered 180,000 members.

In addition the association leaders state, this year they have overwhelming Labor and Democratic Party support.

Some straw polls which have been taken indicate a majority for the "ham and egg" plan in every large county in the state with the possible exception of San Francisco. This would carry the plan on a statewide scale.

National significance is attached to the San Francisco mayoralty contest in which Rep. Frank R. Havenner, progressive, is battling against the reactionary incumbent Mayor Angelo Rossi. An exceptionally close vote in this contest is anticipated.

Havenner has answered red-baiting attacks against him by stating that he stands on the Bill of Rights. Rossi and his clique attack Havenner as being a "tool" of Harry Bridges and the People's World. Havenner has united Democratic Party and Labor backing.

22 Anniversary Celebration of the Soviet Union

SPEAKERS

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ISRAEL AMTER

ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN

MOISSAYE OLGIN

JAMES W. FORD, Chairman

ENTERTAINMENT

FREIHEIT SINGING SOCIETY

UKRAINIAN CHORUS · TWO SONGS ABOUT LENIN

FOLK DANCES OF THE PEOPLES OF THE SOVIET UNION

TAJIK AND UZBEK DANCES

RUSSIAN FOLK DANCES • JEWISH FOLK DANCES

Admission: 40c, 55c, 83c and $1.10

Balcony tickets will be available at Box Office on November 13.

Orchestra, Arena and Box Tickets available now at:

Workers Bookshop, 50 East 13th Street

Progressive Bookshop, 133 West 44th St.

Communist Party, N. Y., 35 East 12th St.

Big Anti-War Vote for Hood Seen In Boston

Expect Heavy Progressive Turnout for C. P. Chairman

(Special to the Daily Worker)

BOSTON, Nov. 6.—Boston progressives are expected to cast a heavy vote tomorrow for Otis A. Hood, candidate for the school committee.

Hood, who is the Massachusetts chairman of the Communist Party, has carried on a very active campaign and met with wide popular support.

His campaign committee estimates that more than 100,000 pieces of literature were distributed in his behalf and the attendance at his 40 meetings totaled 16,000. Observers say he has probably conducted the most energetic campaign for a school committee candidacy that this city ever saw. He also addressed three radio broadcasts.

Hood has won the reputation as the "anti-war candidate" in the present election, because of his great stress for a strict neutrality during every speech.

Boston progressives were urged to vote "No" on the two referendum issues before the voters tomorrow. One would give the mayor a right to run for a second four-year term, a second would curb the city's right to borrow funds for social needs and services and thereby play into the hands of the so-called Taxpayers' League.

Valentine Replies To Surpless on 'Discrimination'

Police Commissioner Lewis J. Valentine sharply rebuked reactionary Republican Councilman Abner C. Surpless yesterday for charging that a "commissar at City Hall" had seen to it that Fusion candidates were permitted to use loud speakers in the election campaign in Brooklyn while he, Surpless, was denied such a permit.

In a telegram to the Police Commissioner, Surpless charged he was discriminated against "on orders of Mayor LaGuardia," whom he called a "commissar."

Queried about the Surpless telegram, the Mayor referred the matter to Mr. Valentine, who said:

"If there has been any discrimination against Mr. Surpless it is not the fault of a commissar at City Hall. It is the fault of a commissar at Police Headquarters.

"But there has not been any discrimination so far as I know, and I have kept close touch with the situation. No permits were given to anybody in this campaign except for the overflow meeting at the Academy, and that was a Democratic meeting."

FILM STAR'S SON MAKES CAMERA DEBUT: Anthony del Campo, photographed for the first time since his birth five months ago, is shown with his mother, Mrs. Manuel del Campo, better known to motion picture audiences as Mary Astor, at their home in Beverly Hills, Calif.

N. M. U. Maps Fight for Seamen Under Neutrality

Plight of Men to Be Beached Must Be 'Forcefully Brought to Attention' of FDR, Says Union; Ask Job Project

National Maritime Union leaders met yesterday at union headquarters to find some means of "forcefully bringing to the attention of President Roosevelt" the plight of 8,000 seamen in Atlantic and Gulf ports who will be out of work because of the new Neutrality measure.

A week ago Joseph Curran, president of the N.M.U., sent a message to the President in which he asked the Chief Executive to intervene on behalf of the seamen who stood to lose their ships.

The memorandum was submitted in the name of the CIO Maritime Committee and pointed out that no provision had been made for the seamen, radio operatros, engineers and others whose jobs were endangered.

It was brought to the President's attention that while several senators had been discussing means by which the shipping companies might be compensated if their ships were taken out of service, there had been no discussion of the needs of the crews of the vessels.

Adequate severance pay was among the first points which the CIO raised in its memorandum. The extension of unemployment insurance to include seamen was another of the CIO proposals. Seamen are now excluded from all social security benefits.

The memorandum declares that the low wages for which the seamen work make it nearly impossible for them to save enough out of their earnings to tide them over periods of joblessness.

The memorandum follows:

"Passage of the Neutrality bill will result in the loss of employment for 8,000 to 10,000 seamen. Congress has authorized the expenditure of millions of dollars for the rebuilding of the American Merchant Marine. The loss of this large number of trained men to the merchant marine will be a serious blow to that program.

"Without some provision for a livelihood these men would face destitution. Their extremely low wages prevent their saving money to carry them over periods of unemployment. We cannot expect other industries, also beset by unemployment problems, to absorb them.

"We propose therefore:

"1. That upon the discharge of any merchant seamen from a vessel laid up as a result of the new neutrality legislation, he be given immediate severance pay equivalent to three months pay and subsistence.

"2. That projects similar to WPA projects (reconditioning of ships, piers, docks, etc.) be established on which seamen, radio operators, and other officers may be offered appropriate employment at the prevailing wage for their particular ratings on board ship; and

"3. That unemployment insurance be extended to seamen."

Illness of Martin May Cause Delay In Senate Trial

Kings County Judge George W. Martin was seriously ill in Flower-Fifth Avenue Hospital yesterday and the continuance of ouster proceedings against him in the State Senate was uncertain.

Martin was described as "very ill" by the hospital, but his attorney, Martin W. Littleton, Jr., nevertheless asked the Senate to continue the hearing of charges that Martin is unfit to continue on the bench.

The hearing began six weeks ago and were expected to end next week.

Assistant Attorney General John Harlan Amen said, however, that he would prefer not to continue without the jurist.

U.S. to Provide Funds to Areas Hit by Drought

Federal Agencies Plan To Aid 115,000 Farm Families in Nation

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6 (UP).—Four Federal agencies tonight prepared to spend up to $33,500,000 in an effort to provide relief to 115,000 farm families suffering from drought and flood conditions in 34 states.

Acting on orders from President Roosevelt after he had conferred with Congressmen from the stricken states, the Farm Security Administration, Farm Credit Administration, Disaster Loan Corporation and Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation, agreed on a plan to deal with the emergency immediately.

Announcement of the project was coupled with a statement by the Department of Agriculture that distress in some states was expected to increase considerably unless the drought is broken soon.

The program envisages loans, direct aid and distribution of emergency food supplies.

AFL Members Picked to Win Pgh. Election

Campaign Was Quiet; Old Party Candidates Ducked Main Issues

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 6.—As an uneventful election campaign marked chiefly by the omission by the major party candidates of any discussion of the chief issues drew to a close it appeared tonight, on election eve, that the Democratic ticket would win in the city with mixed results throughout the country.

Election of the Democratic ticket seemed assured as a result of the uniting of both A. F. of L. and C. I. O. unions behind the candidacy of John J. Kane, himself a member of the A. F. of L. Kane, a progressive, will undoubtedly lead, if not pull, the rest of his ticket to victory.

Typical of the Republican candidates is J. J. Coyne, whose name has long been synonymous with bad government and scandal. The Democratic ticket is, however, not free from scandal, many machine politicians figuring in recent exposes.

EXPECT LIGHT VOTING

The election day turnout is expected to be light, chiefly as a result of the failure of any of the major party candidates to raise or discuss the chief issues. Only the candidates for City Council of the Communist Party, Emmett Patrick Cush and Ben Carreathers, have campaigned on such issues. Among their planks have been "keep America out of the imperialist war," for increased relief, housing projects and an expanded WPA program.

Kuhn's Attempt to Dodge Trial Fails, Judge Denies Plea

Efforts of Fritz Kuhn, head of the German-American Bund, to escape going to trial Thursday on an indictment charging him with stealing funds of the bund, seemed doomed to failure when Judge James G. Wallace in General Sessions yesterday denied Kuhn's motion for an indefinite postponement.

Peter L. F. Sabbatino, one of Kuhn's attorneys, had argued that Kuhn could not hope to get a fair and impartial trial at this time because of "adverse newspaper publicity."

Last Friday Mr. Sabbatino stated that he would do everything in his power to delay the trial and might even go to the State Supreme Court and ask for a change of venue.

Ickes Initiates Work on New California U.S. Dam

FRIANT, Cal., Nov. 6 (P).—Secretary of Interior Harold L. Ickes, initiating work yesterday on the $16,000,000 Friant dam, which will develop power to pump waters into arid and unused portions of the San Joaquin Valley, called the project "an unique American Maginot Line to preserve and enhance American civilization.

Detroit Goes to Polls Today on Mayoralty; Jeffries Confident

Mayor Reading's Red-Baiting Campaign Scored As One of Most Vicious in City's History; Labor Predicts Victory

(Special to the Daily Worker)

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 6.—Detroit voters will go to the polls tomorrow in what is considered by political observers to be the most significant election that this city has seen in the past decade. Unbridled red-baiting by Mayor Reading against his opponent Edward J. Jeffries, Jr., marks the closing days of the campaign, with reading trying to smear Jeffries with the charge that he is endorsed by the Michigan Communist Party and the New Masses.

Standing firmly by his guns Jeffries has refused to yield to red-baiting and has stated repeatedly that if groups of **"American citizens want to support me then that is their privilege, this is a free country and not controlled by Hitlerite elements."**

Heading in conjunction with the automobile manufacturing is tying up the present Chrysler lockout [he calls it a strike] and stating that if Jeffries is elected then the CIO and the Communist Party will run the City Hall, and that Richard T. Frankensteen will be the new police commissioner to replace "Heinie" Pickert.

All of these red herrings across the trail have been capably answered by the CIO leadership and the Jeffries campaign committee with this as the summary.

"That Mayor Reading is a badly beaten and frantically seekr to cover up a rotten, corrupt, manufactuers-controlled administration with witch-hunting and attempting to becloud the real issues, which are clean, honest and democratic city government."

Organized labor has played a decisive role in this election, with the great majority of the AFL supporting the candidacy of Jeffries and defeating any attempt of certain AFL leaders to get support for Reading. Tre CIO through Labor's Non-Partisan League has probably contributed the most to the expected defeat of Reading, through clarifying the issues, distributing close to half a million pieces of literature stating the issues and have presented a slate for councilmen that contains nine names, seven of whom are also supported by the AFL.

Expectations are that 300 000 will vote. Detroit labor and progressives are predicting a three to one victory for Jeffries with possibly seven of the Labor's Non-Partisan League candidates being elected.

Alliance Group To Confer With Capital on Cuts

Will Also Demand Open Hearings Here for Increased Relief

With arrangements for the reinstatement of a large group of writers and dancers to the rolls of the WPA completed yesterday, Workers Alliance leaders began preparations for the sending of a delegation to Washington to confer with the administration on wage cuts.

It was announced also that New York WPA rolls would be increased from 107,000 to 110,000 shortly. This will mean, Alliance spokesmen said, about 2,000 manual workers and 1,000 white collar people will be placed on jobs.

On Thursday Alliance representatives will confer with Burns McDonald, secretary to Mayor LaGuardia, on the issue of the 25 per cent local sponsorship for projects which is mandatory under the Woodrum amendment. They pointed out that the sponsorship must be established for projects that are to continue after the first of the year and that if the city did not take action some of the projects now in force would be automatically eliminated.

WANT OPEN HEARINGS

They will attempt also to arrange with Mayor LaGuardia for open hearings on increased relief and clothing allowance for the unemployed. Previously, they say, hearings on these matters have been held privately.

Ten Congressmen will be interviewed during the coming week on the six-point proposal of the Alliance for the WPA and relief problems generally.

Representatives of several trade unions are expected to accompany the Alliance delegates to Washington on the week of Nov. 21, when they will discuss jobs and relief with the WPA administration.

Yesterday 25 Alliance representatives greeted Dave Silver, one of their members who completed a 20-day jail sentence for his part in a recent relief sitdown.

LaGuardia Signs Bill To License Peddlers

Mayor LaGuardia yesterday signed and thus put into effect a local law to license wholesale peddlers who use motor trucks.

The law, introduced by Councilman William B. Carroll and adopted by the City Council, is designed to regulate out-of-town wholesale truckers who sell ungraded eggs and other uninspected food products

DOES your youngster wear you down by saying: "What?" to everything you say? It doesn't matter if you are standing right next to him when you speak, and enunciate clearly, he's bound to say "What?"

Psychologists can tell you why he does this. He responds to the sound of your voice almost by reflex action; he hears that you are speaking and hasn't yet gone through the process of "perception." A grown up has learned to wait a second for the higher brain centers to take hold of the jumble of sounds and arrange them in the pattern of meaning; the child responds immediately with a "What" Very often, as soon as he has said it, he answers you.

If you use lipstick and rouge they should both be of the same shade. Otherwise your face looks like a hodge-podge, says Olivia de Havilland.

Make it a practice not to repeat what you have said — he is ready with his answer before you are half through and if you repeat, he has the process to do all over again. He will soon get over the habit.

• • •

If your child doesn't eat well, or doesn't like the "right things," the best thing for both of you is for you to pay as little attention as possible to the matter at least as far as he can see.

If his meal time becomes a time of instruction and nagging, he will be even less likely to look forward to it, and he will tend to spend as little time as possible at the table. Serve him smaller helpings than he is likely to eat; large ones will discourage him. And you can usually manage to "put over" the foods he should have. If he likes meat, serve meat loaf and meat balls, made with a good percentage of rice and grated vegetables. If he likes hot cakes, you can make very authentic looking— and tasting—ones, by using very little pancake flour, substituting mashed potatoes, and adding eggs and milk. If you use a cast aluminum pan or griddle, these can be made without fat, and so they do not fry but bake instead, and since the content of the batter is largely precooked, there is none of the dis-advantage of hot bread.

• • •

The trick of making milk appetizing to the child who doesn't drink it well, is known to most mothers. "Choc malts" are easily made with prepared flavored malted milk powder, and a drop of vanilla and a bit of sugar gives a vanilla "malt" that you'll even drink yourself. One little girl we know learned to drink milk because a friend of her mother's made a formal treat of a glass of milk and a cookie served on a saucer, whenever they visited there. Her mother did the same thing at home, and the associations in the child's mind were so pleasant, that it was a cinch. Another little fellow who likes very few vegetables, always is a good customer for artichokes because it is so much fun to pull off the leaves and dip the ends in butter.

If your child likes sweets, he probably likes fruits, fresh and dried, and if he eats plenty of those, he will get by, even without spinach.

Of course, keeping the child from "piecing" between meals is a help. But anyone that can keep the cookie jar, or the sugar bowl, or the jam pot, out of reach of a youngster, is a smart woman.

Lots of play outdoors, is a good sauce for any child's food and if a child is well, and outside a lot, don't worry. He'll get enough to eat as long as you can provide it.

HEALTH ON THE AIR

The following radio talks sponsored by the New York City Department of Health will be given during November and December over Station WNYC on Mondays and Wednesdays at 11:45 A.M. To secure a copy of any of the broadcasts, write to the Bureau of Health Education, Department of Health, 125 Worth St., New York City.

November 8	Healthful Living After 40
November 13	Beware of the Common Cold
November 15	Canned Foods
November 20	The Problem of Winter Ventilation
November 22	A Message of Hope
November 27	Food Fads and Fancies
November 29	Gonorrhea
December 4	Pneumonia
December 6	Hints for a Healthful Winter
December 11	The Fight Against Tuberculosis Continues
December 13	Why We Must Rest and Sleep
December 18	The Care of the Skin
December 20	The Greatest Christmas Gift of All
December 27	Nervous Fatigue

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TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1939

22 Years Ago They Said It Wouldn't Work

• Twenty-two years.

Well, it seems almost yesterday that Chief Justice Hughes as Secretary of State smugly summed up the verdict of American capitalism on the Soviet Union as "an economic vacuum." It wouldn't last. It simply couldn't last. They all said it.

After all, they told the toiling millions of humanity how can a country exist and grow without a Czar, without a Wall Street, without a Stock Exchange, without a Steel Trust, without the open shop, landlords, coupon clippers, mortgage usurers, and similar vitally necessary parasites?

Today, 22 years after that historic day, Nov. 7, when the Russian working class with Lenin, Stalin and the Bolsheviks at their head, led the vast peasantry and oppressed nationalities across the threshold of a new social order, this Soviet state towers grandly and powerfully across the vision of humanity.

While the capitalist world has floundered in crisis, and is now shaken with a second imperialist war, this Socialist land has marched steadily forward, ever upward, ever onward.

The Soviet Union was born out of the fires of imperialist war as the supreme expression of the mass desire for peace. In 1917 the fight for peace became a fight for Socialism because only Socialism could bring peace.

This glowing fact—**that the Soviet Union, as a Socialist country without finance capital sharks looking for plunder is today a bulwark of world peace**—shines brightly before the eyes of a humanity which stares in horror at the abyss of a new world war less than a generation after the last.

This is why they hate it so. The USSR stands as a giant across the path of the warmakers, crying to the peoples the truth which is being strangled by the masters of their countries—**"Halt this war! It is a dirty squabble between rival imperialist gangsters shedding the blood of mankind!" The people look up and give ear. They listen. They hope and think deeply of their fate and how to defend it.**

In the American Revolution, which gave birth to America, the forefather revolutionaries took from the best of all countries—from the English Hobbes, from the French Rousseau, and took a step forward. New conditions, new social developments confront the American people with new and larger problems.

How cure the cancer of unemployment? How cure the insanity of the crisis of "too much goods and too much food"? How stop the insanities and horrors of imperialist wars for empire and colonies? How harness America's colossal wealth for the use of its magnificently eager and energetic people instead of the present Monopoly by Wall Street bankers and Park Ave. heiresses?

In his Boston speech on Sunday celebrating the Soviet anniversary, Browder put it clearly enough for every honest American to understand:

"Is it unpatriotic, is it un-American, to call attention to this contrast, and to suggest that we in the United States might be able to learn something to our own advantage from the Soviet Union?

"If the United States had been able to progress economically since 1928, at even HALF the rate shown by the Soviet Union, we would have this year a national income of over 400 billion dollars, instead of 65 or 70 billions as is really the case. Isn't that something worth striving for, trying to learn how to accomplish? If the Russians and their associated family of nationalities can do it, is there any inherent reason why the American people can't do at least half as much?"

So, millions say today, "Happy Birthday to you, Land of Socialism! We'll be seeing you."

In Fighting Pensions, They're Dropping Democracy

• Isn't it funny how all the persons who are so eager to have America's boys die "for decency and humanity" become so brutal to the aged American men and women who want some decency and humanity in their declining years?

The fight for old age pensions, the "Ham and Eggs" movement in California and the Bigelow movement in Ohio will be decided at the polls. There is no doubt whatever that decent Americans should wish for a victory for the pension movements regardless of the differences of the details of their plans. These details can be ironed out by the common sense of the masses.

The main thing is to win approval for the sound idea that America is wealthy enough to care properly for its veterans of labor over 50 years of age.

The idea of the pension movement has been spattered with ridicule and contempt. To the well-fed reactionary propagandists, it seems a "crackpot" idea that men and women over 50 should eat and live comfortably after a lifetime of useful toil. But it is Wall Street's propaganda which is really crackpot. Imagine defending hunger and insecurity because there is "too much" food in the warehouses! The real point is that in attacking the pension movement, the newspapers are attacking every idea of social security.

As the pension movement has shown strength, the press has begun to attack the very idea of majority rule, of democratic government. Westbrook Pegler has sneered at the pensioneers as people who don't know how to think "normally" and whose vote therefore doesn't count. The New York Times hints editorially of court action against the pension movement should it win.

The "Times" is rapidly working out a theory for scrapping the very foundations of majority rule. Worried by the mass popularity of the pension movement, it nervously suggests that the people had better be deprived of the right to influence legislation too directly.

Since the referendum and recall law of California resulted in the balloting on "Ham and Eggs," the "Times" urges that from now on steps will have to be taken to see that **"the referendum is used sparingly."** It urges that Legislators be removed from the will of the masses by suggesting that we drop the democratic habit of **"judging a legislator on the fidelity with which his vote on this measure reflects the popular sentiment."**

Coolly cynical of democracy, is it not?

If the people vote as Wall Street likes, that is democracy. But if the people vote as they themselves like, that is dangerous and must be corrected! The "Times" editorial yesterday even pointed with admiration to the British Monarchist "device of the Royal Commission."

The pension fight only goes to prove that Wall Street and its press can drop democracy as if it were poison **the moment the American majority begins to act in a way that Wall Street doesn't like.** Those who want America to die for the "decency" of the British Empire, naturally don't give a damn about decency right here at home.

Who Is Financing This "Spy" Hunt?

• A quarter of a million dollars to break up unions—that is the real meaning of the $250,000 hunt for "spies" that has been launched by an American Legion Post in this city.

The post commander, Col. Landes, says the money is to go for rewards for the conviction of persons involved in "industrial sabotage." But a few inquiries would probably reveal that the real object of the "spy" hunt is to frame active trade unionists.

Who is the "angel" who is putting up the money for this spy hunt and who, according to Col. Landes, is worth $25,000,000? What is his labor record? How many decisions has the National Labor Relations Board handed down against him? How often has he tried to break up union organization in his plants?

And what is the connection behind this "spy" hunt and a similar one launched by open-shoppers in Ohio with the boast that J. Edgar Hoover, head of the FBI, approves of the move?

And what does Attorney General Murphy with his high sounding words about "protecting civil liberties," have to say about this latest development?

Trying to Pull a Fast One

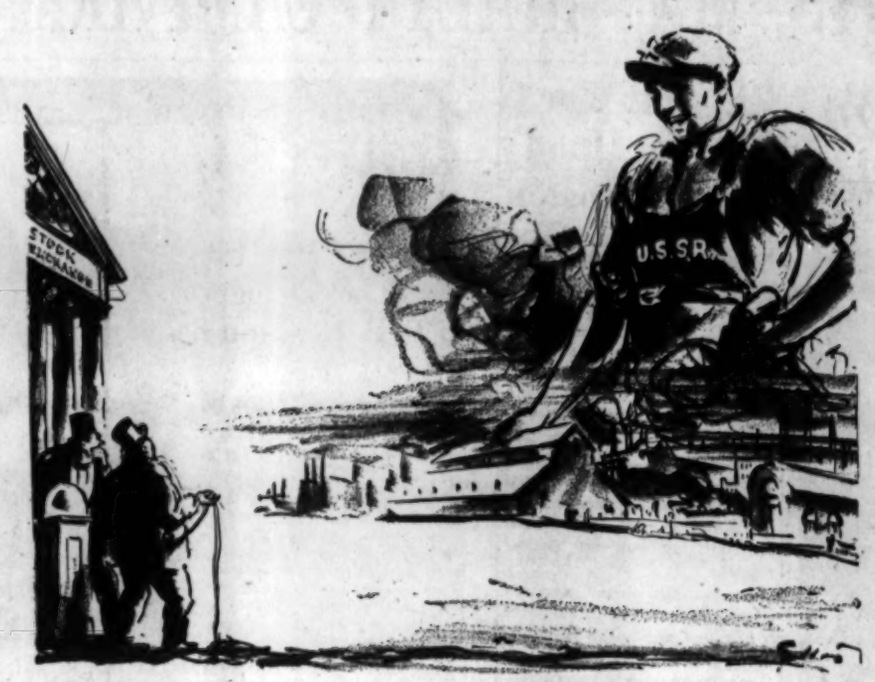
• The Borden-Sheffield milk trust is trying to pull another fast one on the consumers.

It has just announced a contemplated quarter of a cent rise in consumer prices as a result of the new contract signed with the International Brotherhood of Teamsters. Such a rise would be another unmitigated piece of highway robbery—and utterly unnecessary. Just as unnecessary as the price rise following the recent contract signed with the Dairy Farmers Union.

The increase won by the teamsters could more than be met from the bloated profits of the milk trust and by the unjustifiable spread between what the farmer receives and what the consumer pays. Besides when the trust raised the price last time, the farmers didn't get it—the trust put it in its own pocket in violation of its contract. The increase scheduled now is another example of criminal profiteering—based upon the arrogant assumption that the monopoly profits of the milk trust are sacred and untouchable.

Early this year labor, farmers and consumers united to bring about the victory of the farmers' strike. That same unity is needed now to protect the gains won by labor. The first thing is to spike this latest gyp planned against the consumers. The people should raise their voice in no uncertain terms.

'We Said Good Riddance 22 Years Ago' *by Ellis*



Polish Refugees Kiss Soviet Troops As They Enter U.S.S.R. Fleeing Nazis

Jewish refugees from Nazi-held areas of the former territory of Poland, "kissed and embraced Soviet soldiers" as they entered the Soviet Union, the Jewish Telegraph Agency reported yesterday in a dispatch from Wilno. The story by the Agency, which is biased against the Soviet Union, follows:

WILNO, Nov. 6.—Heartbreaking scenes are occurring daily on the Soviet-German frontier to the south of Byelostok as a result of formal closing of the border to refugees from Nazi Poland.

Despite the closing, however, applicants for admission to Soviet territory are being treated liberally, as shown by the following story related to this correspondent today by an eyewitness.

In a No-Man's-Land forest near the town of Brok on the River Bug there was an encampment of 1,400 refugees from the German occupation. Most of them were women and children. Many had been in the woods for forty-eight hours without food or water.

The Nazis had stripped them of all their valuables, permitting them to leave Nazi territory with only two zlotys (about 38 cents at pre-war rates) each. They had been searched with the utmost brutality by the Nazi guards. Women were undressed and forced to stand naked for two hours while the soldiers pretended to be seeking hidden valuables.

Property confiscated from the refugees was distributed among the soldiers and inhabitants of a German colony near Malkinia as a reward for catching refugees trying to evade the guards. Refugees who were caught were brought to the "red bus," a torture chamber.

The Soviet guards refused to admit the 1,400 refugees, declaring they wouldn't shoot, but that entry was forbidden. Two hours later the chief of the Soviet border patrol replied similarly to a delegation, adding: "We know your sufferings, but are unable to violate the order."

When the reply was relayed to the desperate hungry crowd of refugees, they shouted: "Kill us, we cannot return." Soon, a patrol leader on horseback came out and quieted them by promising to make another effort in their behalf. He returned in half an hour with permission for all the refugees to cross the border.

"We embraced and kissed the Soviet soldiers as we passed," the informant said.

Meanwhile, the city of Byelostok, now in Soviet hands, is becoming increasingly overpopulated as a result of the continuing influx of refugees. Thousands are lodging in the streets.

Letters from Our Readers

'Browder—A Real American'—

Yonkers, N. Y.

Editor, Daily Worker:

I am writing this letter to protest against the Dies Committee and against its action in arresting Earl Browder, the most sincere man who speaks the pure truth at all times—a real American—more so than Dies.

Mr. Dies should be ashamed because he knows very well that in ten years of depression all of the reactionaries in Washington have been unable and unwilling to solve the problem of unemployment and they are the very people that Mr. Dies should be after.

AN AMERICAN CITIZEN.

Vermont Sends $110—'Direct Answer to War-Monger'—

Barre, Vt.

We sent with our delegates to the Browder meeting in Boston $110 for the Daily Worker Drive. This represents an overfulfillment of our quota my 10 per cent.

We want this to be a direct answer to the attack upon Browder and our Party, by Wall Street reactionaries, who want to get our country into war.

FINANCIAL SEC'Y C.P. OF VERMONT.

Thank "Daily" for Guidance In Critical Periods

Cumberland, Md.

Editor, Sunday Worker:

Enclosed is six dollars as a contribution to the Daily Worker financial drive. This is our answer, in a modest way, to the warmongers and attackers of civil liberties. We are grateful to the "Daily" for its truthful reporting of events and its guidance at this and past critical periods. We are making every effort to gain an ever increasing circulation of the "Daily" in this vicinity.

A Group of Cumberland Workers.

'I Saw a Great Light Today'—

New York City.

Editor, Daily Worker:

I saw a great light today. I work in a factory where the workers are divided into two groups. Each group has its own chairman, as the place has been unionized by crafts and each belongs to a different local union. One group has a chairman who is militant, fights in the interests of the workers, and is roundly hated by the boss. In the other department the workers are complaining, while the chairman is continuously patted on the shoulders by the boss.

Suddenly, in the light of this miniature experience in my own tiny existence (comparatively speaking), something that has been troubling me, on the world stage, became crystal clear.

Can the Soviet Union be so bad for the workers when it is so hated by the bosses?

Can the Soviet-German non-aggression pact be so bad for the working class when it makes the boss-class so mad?

And conversely, wouldn't it be time for us to worry about the Soviet Union when it would do something that would make the capitalist class HAPPY, pat the socialist land on its shoulders?

Let the assorted enemies of the Soviet Union now howl! Let the mountainous intellects walk in their mental pits of confusion! I discovered a simple guide for my thinking, a spark that leads me to the greatre flame. The hammer-blow realism of the factory in which I work gave me the answer.

A saw a light! A. S.

Del—'Blazing the Path in Political Caricature'—

Brooklyn, N. Y.

Congrats to DEL for giving us so able and skillful a political commentator as "Marmaduke."

Jonathan Swift gave the world "Gulliver" and his travels. Walter Disney entertains us with the antics of Mickey Mouse. Marmy, Del's creation has been blazing the path in political caricature.

First, Marmy came to us out of the depths of the ocean in search for first-hand experience in man's world. How lucky he was to have met with "Lefty" and the boys.

Marmy unearthed with them the factory system with its destructive speed-up and union-breaking tactics.

Now, Marmy debunks the munition-makers. We are very much excited about his Washington trip. We hope that he exposes Dies and his stooges.

We know that Marmy is capable of brilliant reporterial work and would like to read more of his interviews with the press on current problems. D.W.

THE IMPERIALIST WAR

"Everybody knew, saw and recognized that a European war would be of unparalleled gravity. The experience of the war proves this more and more. The war widens. The political mainstays of Europe are shaking more and more. The sufferings of the masses are terrible, and the efforts of the governments, the bourgeoisie and the opportunists to hush up those sufferings are suffering ever more frequent defeats. The war profits of certain groups of capitalists are monstrously large. The sharpening of conflicting forces is tremendous. The inarticulate indignation of the masses, the hazy yearning of the downtrodden and unenlightened strata of society for a nice ('democratic') peace, the beginning rumblings "down below"—all these are facts. The longer the war is drawn out, and the more acute it becomes, the more the governments themselves develop, and must develop, the initiative of the masses, urging them, as they do, to abnormal strain and sacrifices. The experiences of the war, as the experiences of every crisis in history, of every great calamity and every sudden turn in human life, dull and break one set of people, **while they enlighten and harden others.** And taking the history of the world as a whole, it has been proven that, barring individual cases of decadence and fall of a state, the number and the strength of the latter has been, generally, greater than that of the former.

"The conclusion of peace will not only fail to terminate all these sufferings and all this sharpening of conflicting forces 'immediately'; on the contrary, in many respects it will make the sufferings more keenly felt and more clearly understood by the most backward masses of the population." (V. I. Lenin, **The Imperialist War**, Collected Works, Vol XVIII, p. 281.)

World Front

By HARRY GANNES

Wall Street Ambitions for World Re-Division, and the Fate Of the Philippines and Cuba

• The gory imperialist scramble for a redivision of the world has not left the territorial appetites of American monopolists unmoved.

Some of the fair-haired boys of Yankee imperialism, like Charles E. Lindbergh, in their haste to list re-shuffled morsels which they crave, have named actual areas. These included slices of Canada and all the British and French Western Atlantic and Caribbean islands.

In such a situation, what of the Philippines and Cuba?

Rather than loosen the colonial bonds on these U. S. imperialist domains everything is being done to tighten the ties.

American efforts to swing Japan into line as a Yankee imperialist pawn and as a more active anti-Soviet force in the Far East involve most intimately this country's relations to the Philippines.

When looking for new spoils in war time American imperialism certainly is not anxious to have broached the issue of independence of the colonies and semi-colonies.

Moreover, there is concrete evidence that precisely in the present imperialist war the United States is moving to fasten the shackles of colonial slavery more oppressively. This applies particularly to the Philippines and Cuba.

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Here are some facts that the capitalist press is very shy about presenting or discussing.

A recent report of the U. S. Army and Navy Munitions Board, telling about the minerals required for war purposes, puts the finger on the Philippines and Cuba as American sources of manganese and chromium.

Discussing the pressure being brought to make the so-called Philippine Independence Act, scheduled to go into effect July 4, 1946, another empty promise, Miss Catherine Porter, in her article, "Philippine Independence in a Mineral-Conscious World (Far-Eastern Survey, Nov. 8, 1939), wrote:

"Now, moreover, a changing world scene has brought to the fore a new argument in favor of retention of the Philippines: protection of the American flag for valuable mineral deposits only recently discovered or exploited, some of which are of strategic value to the United States."

The magic metal, gold, has of late been more intensively mined by American corporations in the Philippines, and this has served as an alloy to strengthen the chains that bind the islands to Wall Street.

But, as we said, the chief concern of the American warmakers just now is for Philippine and Cuban manganese and chromium. Both of these are needed by the steel trusts and the war industries. The Philippines, which in 1935 used to produce only 500 tons of manganese ore, today is capable of putting out more than 40,000 tons of ore annually. Cuba's share is also being jacked up.

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A very strange argument is made about not giving the Philippines her independence, especially since these new war minerals have been more intensively mined. That argument claims that Japan would soon seize these sources of war materials.

And who makes these arguments for retention of the Philippines, now more than ever? The very gentlemen who are today responsible for supplying Japan with more than 60 per cent of her imported war materials.

Should the State Department manipulators, now bearing heavily on Tokio, get their way and stir up new trouble against the Soviet Union, they would be delighted to let Japan have all the Philippines war materials.

But the struggle and desire for independence grow just as strongly in the Philippines and Cuba as they do in India during the present war.

For these reasons Wall Street does not want a free China. An independent China of 450,000,000 peoples would be a powerful ally of the Filipino and Indian masses in their drives for liberation.

Rather than free the Philippines, American imperialists would a thousand times prefer to share the exploitation of the islands with the Tokio trust magnates, especially if the latter would take more chances of attacking the U. S. S. R.

A group of Cuban workers and anti-imperialist organizations, denouncing the imperialist war and calling on the South American peoples to resist it, told of the efforts being employed to intensify Wall Street domination in Cuba. This is what they said:

"Cuba is being threatened with economic catastrophe in order to force upon her what amounts to a Platt amendment in the form of a treaty of Residence and Navigation. This will make a myth of any progressive or national content in the forthcoming popular Constitution. It will force Cuba to renounce the privilege of such laws as the Revalorization of Mortgages, and will subject her to the dictates of the American Embassy (in Havana). It will again prepare her, as in the last war, to be hurled into this criminal slaughter."

These facts should be borne in mind when the imperialist press here yelps about "independence" for any small nation.

Change the World

Sheean's Articles in New Republic a Stale Rehash of Old Stuff

By MIKE GOLD

VINCENT SHEEAN'S recent articles in the New Republic are a stale re-hash of Trotzky's staler thesis that the Russian Revolution has entered its Thermidor, that Stalin is a Red Napoleon, and that the Soviets are proceeding to an imperialistic conquest of Europe.

Since the clever Trotzky first invented that mucky slander, the Soviets have completed the victorious establishment of collectivized agriculture. They have established a democratic constitution that removes all class barriers from the vote. Many other grandiose victories have demonstrated that Socialism is ever marching forward in the Soviet lands. Sheean knows it, because he knew Spain.

Up to less than a year ago, democratic Spain was still fighting for its life against Mussolini, Hitler and their tool, Franco. But the "democracies" of England, France and the United States not only refused to help the Spanish people, but harassed them and intrigued against them in ways too vile to bear thinking about.

Vincent Sheean covered that gallant but one-sided battle of a little democracy being murdered by an unholy alliance of foreign fascists and "democrats."

Then only two countries that remained true to the cause of democracy when it was then in peril were Mexico and the Soviet Union.

Vincent Sheean, heart and soul at the moment for Loyalist Spain, knew that Soviet help was being poured in. He did not call it "red imperialism" then, although that is what the Trotzkyites called it. He was glad of this help, and said so in his writings.

Sheean was also proud to be the friend of American Communist lads who volunteered for the International Brigade. In his recent book there are beautiful tributes to these volunteers; even an understanding of the reason why Communists are the bulwark of whatever democracy we can save today from the Chamberlains, Hitlers and Daladiers.

But now Sheean has done a crude and rather undignified flop The marks of haste all over his articles. You can see he was trying to squeeze in under some imaginary wire. He seized the first handle to safety he could find, which, for such people, is generally Trotzkyism.

Why the haste? Why the flop at this particular moment, and not six months, or even a year ago, when the Trotzkyites in Spain were all for rejecting Soviet aid, "red imperialism"?

Well, the Martin Dies Committee is one answer. And the Department of Justice persecutions of American leaders of Communism is another. Vincent Sheean must have been scared. So he took great pains to write something that would wipe off the Spanish stain from his career of a bourgois journalist.

He is a good guy, and a swell mixer, he is a remarkably smooth and talented writer, and a man who has some moral sensitivity and would like to see a better world. He has brains enough to understand every link and twist in the crooked politics of the profiteer system, and has at times exposed it. Sheean has everything, except for this—

Sheean just needs to earn about thirty to forty thousand dollars a year, to maintain the luxurious life he has become used to.

You cannot earn such big money on the New Masses or even the New Republic. You can earn it only on the Saturday Evening Post, and in lectures before women's clubs. And the price you pay is to be thoroughly respectable. You must surrender your integrity—that's all, nothing more. Tolstoy explained, such people many years ago.

Also Sheean, in his remarkable book, "Personal History" painted his own portrait very shrewdly, when he compared himself to the Communist girl, Reyna Prohme, and admitted that he could never be as simple and heroic as all that—he wanted "success."

Well, one can't get too excited about his lack of character. There is always some such story of opportunism behind most of the intellectuals who have ever flopped. I, for one, have stopped writing about such flops, even when I knew all the exact details. It is too mucky a job. I would rather keep my mind occupied with the hopeful and heroic side of human nature.

A barely literate worker, a Southern mountain-man in his first strike, will starve and watch his children starve, rather than turn scab. But an intellectual with charm, breeding, and all the culture of the world in his hands, will do many queer and sordid things if his personal interests are affected. That is the hard lesson we have to learn each time anew.

Election Returns 6 P. M. To Midnight on WNYC

Comprehensive coverage of election returns by New York City station WNYC rom 6 P.M. until midnight . . . Jimmie Durante, permonent feature with Robert Benchley and Lennie Hayton's orchestra on "Melody and Madness" program over WJZ at 9 o'clock tonight.

SHORTWAVE BAND

Radio Center, Moscow, 3:00 A.M., 15.175 Mc.; 7:00 P.M., 9.600, 12.000, 15.080, 15.175 Mc.

BROADCAST BAND DAILY PROGRAMS

MORNING

9:05-WEAF—News About Women
WJZ—Woman of Tomorrow
9:30-WJZ—Breakfast Club
9:45-WHN—U. P. News
10:00-WNYC—Marc D'Albert, Piano Recital WMCA—News
10:15-WNYC—String Trio
10:45-WQXR—"Monitor Views the News"
11:00-WNYC-WABC—News
11:30-WOR—"Keep Fit to Music"
11:45-WNYC—"You and Your Health"

AFTERNOON

12:00-WHN—U. P. News
WNYC—Midday Symphony
WJZ—"Meet the Songwriter," Interview with Mitchel Pariah
12:15-WNEW—David Lowe, News of Stage and Screen WMCA News
12:25-WJZ—U. P. News
12:30-WOR—Trans-Radio News
WHN—"Microphone in the Sky," Interviews from Atop the Empire State Building
WJZ—National Farm-Home Hour
12:45-WEAF—Condensed News
WOR—Consumers' Quiz Club
1:05-WNYC—Town Hall Club Luncheon
1:30-WNYC—Municipal Concert Hall
2:00-WJZ—"Gallant Women" Series, "Women and Peace"
WCNW—Daily Sports Predictions
2:15-WHN—U. P. News
WCNW—1800 Swing Club
2:30-WNYC—"Holing Through," Dramatization of Event to Take Place on Wednesday, Nov. 8, at 11:15 A.M. when the Queens Midtown Tunnel Will Be Holed Through.
WJZ—U. S. Army Band Concert
2:45-WMCA-WABC—News
3:00-WJZ—"Orphans of Divorce"
WNYC—Amsterdam String Trio
3:30-WABC—News with Bob Trout
3:35-WABC—Uncle Jonathan
3:45-WNYC—News
4:00-WJZ—Club Matinee
WOR—Trans-Radio News
WNYC—Four Strings at 4:00
WQXR—Music of the Moment
4:30-WABC—"Of Men and Books," Conducted by Prof. John T. Frederick
WQXR—Hour of Symphonic Music
WEAF—"Vice and Sade"
5:00-WNYC—New School of Music Program WMCA—News
5:15-WCNW—Charlie Brickley's Football School
WQXR—Variety Hour
5:45-WHN—U. P. News
WCNW—"Talking Over the News"
WNYC—Amsterdam String Trio

EVENING

6:00-WNYC—Complete Election Returns
WEAF—Dance Music
WOR—Uncle Don WJZ—U. P. News
WABC—Press News
WQXR—Music to Remember
6:15-WEAF—A. P. News
6:20-WEAF—Sport Talk by John Lardner
6:30-WOR—Trans-Radio News
WEAF—Dance Music WABC—News
WQXR—Organ Music
6:45-WEAF—Dance Music
WABC—Today in Europe
WHN—Dick Fishell Sports Resume
7:00-WQXR—Music of the Immortals
WEAF—Pleasuremaine, Waring Orch.
WJZ—Easy Aces
WOR—Stan Lomax, Sports Review
7:15-WMCA—"Five-Star Final"
WEAF—"I Love a Mystery"
WJZ—"Mr. Keene, Tracer of Lost Persons" WHN—Today's Sports
7:30-WABC—"Second Husband," Starring Helen Mencken
WEAF—"Echoes of New York"
WMCA—Modern Music Masters
WOR—Radio Harris, Interviews with Stars of Stage and Screen
WJZ—Dance Music
WHN—George Hamilton Combs, News Commentator
WQXR—Treasury of Music
7:45-WMCA—Johannes Steel, News Commentator
WOR—The Inside of Sport, Sam Balter, Commentator
8:00-WABC—"Big Town," Starring Edward G. Robinson, Ona Munsen
WOR—Hilde Reggiani, Song Recital
WJZ—"The Aldrich Family," Starring Ezra Stone
WEAF—Johnnie Green's Orchestra, Dramatisation of Short Story
WQXR—Symphony Hall
WHN—Dance Music
8:30-WEVD—United Council for Chinese Relief, Address by Col. Theodore Roosevelt on "The Conflict in the Far East," and Dramatisation
WJZ—"Information Please," Clifton Faddiman, John Kieran, Franklin P. Adams, Christopher Morley and Marquis James
WABC—Tuesday Night Party with Walter O'Keefe and Mary Martin
WOR—Morton Gould's Orchestra
WEAF—Horace Heidt's Band
8:45-WHN—U. P. News
9:00-WJZ-WHN—"Melody and Madness," with Robert Benchley, Jimmie Durante and Lennie Hayton and His Orchestra
WEAF—Battle of the Sexes
WOR—"Confidentially Yours"
WABC—"We, the People"
WQXR—Footlight Echoes
9:30-WEVD—Confederate Spanish Societies
WOR—Mozart Piano Concerto Series, Dadia Reisenberg, Piano Soloist, with Symphony Orchestra
WJZ—"Meet Mr. Weeks"
WEAF—Fibber McGee and Molly
WABC—Bob Crosby's Band
9:45-WQXR—"Readers and Writers," with Edwin Seaver
10:00-WOR—Raymond Gram Swing, News Commentator
WEAF—Bbb Hope and Judie Garland
10:00-WMCA—Billy Glayson's Review
WJZ—Roy Shields' Review
WABC—Syncopation Piece
WQXR—Concert Hour
10:15-WOR—News from Washington
10:30-WJZ—"Fun with the Famous," Interviews with Hoot Gibson, Paul Wing and Others WMCA—News
WEAF—Uncle Walter's Doghouse
WOR—"The Green Hornet"
WABC—Judith Arlan
10:45-WHN—U. P. News
11:00-WEAF—A. P. News
WOR—Trans-Radio News
WJZ—U. P. News
WABC—News Review
WQXR—Just Music
11:05-WEAF—Hugh Gibson, News Commentator
11:30-WMCA—Better Music
11:45-WHN —U. P. News
12:00-WMCA—News
WHN-Music to Read By
WEVD—Symphonic Hour

ERIC MUNX.

MommerShows Development In New Show

By Ray King

It is always fata. for an artist to stick to one theme and manner, however expressive it may be. Sooner or later the necessary elements of surprise and variety will disappear and something close to a formula will take its place. Responses will become deadened and the artist will be finished creatively.

Paul Mommer, now showing at the Hudson Walker Galleries, 38 East 57th Street, wasn't in as bad a spot as all that but he was definitely beginning to repeat himself. His dark, moody landscapes relieved only by the occasional dull white of a building or an indistinct figure or two, were fine examples of a romantic Expressionism but a whole roomful of such pictures was likely to become oppressively monotonous.

The current exhibition reveals a gratifyingly changed Mommer. He has broadened his vision to include figure pieces, Biblical compositions, still-lives and even a little social

'YOUNG GIRL'

One of the paintings by Paul Mommer now on exhibition at the Hudson Walker Galleries.

genre. His color range has become more varied and his stature as an artist has risen.

Several canvases are reminiscent of Picasso's blue period and the influence, if conscious, is very well assimilated. Some of Mommer's finest canvases, notably "Young Girl," are in this vein. Of the Biblical pieces "Unbelieving Thomas" is best. There is something mediaeval about the large hands and eyes of the figures, the heavy dark outlining and the emotional intensity.

"Boy With Bird" has a charm which one does not expect from Mommer. As far as color and and freshness of vision is concerned, this seems to me the most rewarding canvas in the show. Other good things are "Romancing," "Church," "Black Eyed Susans" and some others.

There is still a tendencyw for Mommer to get his pigment murky and unpleasant, but strangely enough this habit sometimes helps to create the troubled mood the artist wants. In these cases there can be no complaints, but in others the tortured and overworked paint loses all character.

Stage Notes

The Artef Players, who are now appearing in "Clinton Street," extend an offer, beginning today, to all those who live or work on that well-known East Side throughfare, to come and see the play about their street at a 50 percent reduction on the usual price of any tickets, upon presentation at the box office of some evidence that they are actual inhabitants of Clinton Street. The Artef's "Clinton Street" is on West Forty-first street, at the Mercury Theatre.

ART FOR CHILDREN

The Contemporary Arts School announces the opening of a children's painting class to be held every Saturday from 9:30 A. M. to 12:30 P. M. Registration is now open.

They Destroyed Thorez's Library

Daladier Police Fly Into Rage at Sight Of C. P. Literature

(Special Correspondence)

LONDON.—The superb library of Maurice Thorez, leader of the French Communist Party, was destroyed wantonly although housed in the Town Hall of Ivry, which municipality he represents in the Chamber of Deputies. A gendarme picked up a valuable piece of sculpture, a bust of Marcel Ceahin, veteran French Communist, and deliberatedly let it fall to the ground.

Examples of this kind are endless and show not only the oppressing classes' hatred of militant Communists, but their fear of the strengh of the Communist program and ideas, the fear that the majority of the working class will come to accept it.

Destroy Party Literature

A peculiar characteristic of the attack on the Communist Party of France is the attitude to all Communist literature. The police have been seen to go into a fury at the sight of the "History of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union," and literally tear copies to pieces in their hands.

Not only has all literature been seized or destroyed, but the government has seized all money belonging to the Party, has commandeered all its buildings and premises, and stolen all its mobile property in the way of furniture, typewriters, etc.

* * *

Leaving the Gare du Nord, an enormous sign some 50 feet long strikes the eye. "Cheap week-end tickets to London . . . No passport required." An ironic commentary on the changed face of France within the last few weeks.

Now every four yards in the streets stand uniformed police and gendarmerie who have every right to stop passers-by and say, "Papers, please." Any unfortunate who has any detail not quite in order is immediately dragged off to the local police station, often directly to the prisons. Foreigners have no right even to consult a lawyer, and thousands of people have literally disappeared within the last few weeks leaving no trace.

Party More United Than Ever

The banning of the Communist Party took no one by surprise. Throughout the country the police forced their way in the dead of night into local Party headquarters within half an hour of the signing of the decree, for in France a virtual dictatorship reigns and Daladier can exercise absolute power with a stroke of the pen.

More than 2,000 Communists had been arrested before Oct. 1, mostly militants in the different sections of Paris, for in this way the government hoped to behead the Party and destroy its effectiveness. These attacks have but served to strengthen and knit the Party more closely together.

In fact very few losses have been sustained. Five deputies have deserted. A similar very small percentage of renegades are to be found among other sections of the Party.

In the 1936 elections there were 72 deputies elected and two senators. In consultation with the president of the Chamber of Deputies, Edouard Herriot, the 42 deputies left in Paris, for the rest were mobilized, formed a new group—the French Workers' and Peasants' Group. It was stated everywhere that such a group was perfectly legal.

Leaders Guarded By the People

Fourteen other deputies, although mobilized, managed to visit Paris on leave to declare their adhesion

Maurice Thorez

". . . Truth is like a torch: The more it's shook, it shines."—Anon

to this group, and to add their names to the now famous letter sent in the name of the group to Herriot, asking for a meeting of Parliament to discuss the peace proposals.

This letter asked for less than Lloyd George urged in his recent speech and articles, and yet it has been used as the excuse for the most brutal, bitter and disgusting persecution that has been known in France since the days of the Commune.

The letter was the signal for a most vicious attack on the members of the Workers' and Peasants' Group. The press came out with demands for arrests and actually for the trial by military tribunals of all the group members with a view to their being shot as traitors to the country—these men who are the only real leaders of the people, the only leaders who have the true interests of working class at heart.

Today more than 35 deputies are under arrest, but the key leaders are guarded vigilantly by the people and will not fall into the hands of the reactionary group.

Thorez, leader of the Party, and Arthur Ramette and Florimond Bonte, president and secretary of the Workers' and Peasants' Grohp, are safe.

IN NEW FRENCH FILM

Louis Jouvet as Boiderer and Lisa Delamare as Maria Antoinette in Jean Renoir's "Marseillaise," the new French film now showing at the Cameo.

8 Groups Dominate Industry, Survey Shows

National Resources Committee Study Describes How Monopolies Control Production, Prices

National Resources Committee's recent study, "The structure of the American Economy," describes the set-up by means of which monopoly capital controls production, prices and financial operations in an ever increasing area of American economy. Major role played by 200 largest corporations is indicated in this government report. It also answers the significant question: "What persons or groups are in a position to influence the policies of these large corporations?"

Separation of ownership and control: Recent data from files of Securities and Exchange Commission corroborate Berle and Means figures on ownership and control. Individuals in a position to exercise dominant control in 155 large corporations held appreciably less than 12 per cent of the total voting stock outstanding.

Interlocking directorates and intercorporate holdings: If each corporate management were quite independent of every other, this domination by a small group might not be so significant. However, of the 200 largest non-financial and 50 largest financial corporations, 151 companies with assets amounting to nearly 75 per cent of the combined assets of the 250 companies, were interlocked with at least three other companies in the group. Among them, 400 men held nearly a third of the directorship.

Servicing of large corporations: Another factor making for corporate interrelationships derived from the activity of the firms which provide financial, legal and accounting services. Some 56 per cent of all corporate underwriting in 1935 was initiated by only 10 firms. The 10 largest accounting firms certified 52 per cent of the total number of accounts.

Control over investment funds: In 1935, banks, insurance companies and similar financial corporations owned about a quarter of the outstanding bonds of American corporations.

Corporate interest groupings: From all these interrelations among the large corporations emerge eight clearly defined interest groups. They include 106 of the 250 largest corporations. Their assets of 61 billion dollars account for two-thirds of the combined assets of the 250 companies.

1—Morgan-First National Bank group: Based on partial control by one or both of the financial institutions. It is made up of : 13 industrial corporations, including U. S. Steel, General Electric, National Biscuit, Pullman, Montgomery Ward, Kennecott Copper, Baldwin Locomotive; 12 utility corporations including American Telephone & Telegraph and power companies controlling, in 1935, 37 per cent of the electric generating capacity of the country; 11 major railroads, controlling 26 per cent of the first-class railroad mileage of the country and including New York Central and Atchison railroads; and five financial institutions. Total assets, 30.2 billion dollars.

2—Kuhn, Loeb group: Includes 13 railroads controlling 22 per cent of the first-class mileage in the country and including Southern Pacific and Pennsylvania; one bank; and Western Union Telegraph Co. Total assets, 10.8 billion dollars.

3—Rockefeller. Controls six large oil companies and the largest bank in the country, Chase National. Total assets, 6.6 billion dollars.

4—Mellon: Best integrated and most compact; based on holdings of members of the family and a few associates. Includes nine industrial corporations such as Aluminum Co., Gulf Oil, Pittsburgh Coal; one railroad; two utilities, and two banks. Total assets, 3.3 billion dollars.

5—Du Pont: Only four companies but all top rank with respect to size—E. I. du Pont de Nemours, General Motors, United States Rubber, National Bank of Detroit. Total assets, 2.6 billion dollars.

6—Chicago group: Defined solely on basis of interlocking directorates: four industrials—International Harvester, Armour, Marshall Field Wilson & Co.; three utilities, and four banks. Total assets, 4.2 billion dollars.

7—Cleveland: Centering around the Mather interests. Complicated structure of controls through stock ownership and sources of raw materials. Includes: seven industrials—Cleveland - Cliffs Iron, Republic Steel, Youngstown Sheet & Tube, Inland Steel, Wheeling Steel, Goodyear Tire & Rubber, Interlake Iron; and one bank—Cleveland Trust Co. Total assets, 1.4 billion dollars.

8—Boston: Based on interlocking directorates of First National-Old Colony banking interests. Includes four industrials—United Shoe Machinery, U. S. Smelting, Refining & Mining, United Fruit, and American Woolen; two utilities, and one bank. Total assets: 1.7 billion dollars.

Unfortunately, "The Structure of the American Economy" is limited to a purely static analysis. It makes no attempt to indicate the extent or method of operation of these monopolistic controls, so significant a factor in the final determination of the use of national resources, labor and capital in the national economy.

—*Labor Research Assn.*

Honor Work of Eakins After Artist Is Dead

Quintanilla, Sloan, Kirk Open Shows During Week; Library Displays Cartoons of 1776

By Oliver F. Mason

Thomas Eakins' two exhibitions in the Kleemann and the Babcock Galleries are vivid reminders of the fate of artists. Eakins died a poor man, very much neglected by the small group that controls the reputation of living artists in this country. This hierarchy which consists of museum directors, art critics, and art collectors could not see the great quality in Eakins' work while he was alive. But as soon as he was dead his works became desirable museum and collectors' items.

Vladimir Yoffe's exhibition of sculpture is at the Delphic Gallery. His work has individuality and power to stimulate one's imagination. By all standards it deserved much more attention than it received. If he had the proper connections that would get him into a museum he certainly would not have had an indefferent press . . .

George Grosz, who is a mature artist . . . and a very gifted one—has better luck in this country, perhaps because he is not the old vitriolic Grosz. He is now the kind of painter Thomas Craven approves of in his writings on American art.

The Times Critic and The Mural Awards

A distinct contribution to American mural art has been made by the artists who submitted their work in the forty-eight state competition recently concluded by the Fine Arts Section of the Federal Works Administration, in the opinion of the chairman of the jury, Maurice Sterne.

In commenting on the competition, Mr. Varnum Poor, one of the jurors said: "In the troubled years of war ahead I feel that the work of the Section of Fine Arts will be increasingly vital; if for no other reason than the practical support offered to the artist—the cultural group wrich will be the first to feel the pnich of war and war excitement."

Mr. Edward Alden Jewell, art editor of the New York Times, went to Washington to view the prize-winning designs and returned troubled because much of the exhibited material seemed to him to be below standard. What really troubles Mr. Jewell is the democratic manner in which the competition was conducted. "Awards, I think," he says, "should be made on a basis alone of reasonably high standards. If one competition does not suffice then hold another. If necessary another and another. There is after all plenty of time. Pending the right choice, mails will continue to function without the help of mural embelishment." *Mr. Jewell's method would be to starve the artists out and thus make room for juicy commissions.*

* * *

Exhibitions Opening During the Week

Exhibitions opening this week include a retrospective show of John Sloan's work at John Wanamaker's paintings by Luis Quintanilla at the Associated American Artists Galleries, sculpture by Jose de Creeft at the Georgette Passedoit Gallery, paintings by Minna Citron at the Midtown, paintings by Rudolf Jacobi at the Rheinhart Gallery, and paintings by Frank Kirk at the Grand Central Galleries. English cartoons of the American Revolution are at the Public Library, the Allied Artists are at the Fine Arts Building, contemporary paintings are at the Downtown Gallery and there is an Ennis Memorial exhibition at the Brooklyn Museum where there are also shown drawings by Israel Litwak. . . . The "Half Century of Americsan Art" exhibition opens at the Chicago Art Institute on November 16.

MONOLOGUIST

Helen Howe, monologuist, who will appear in a sequence of sketches entitled, "Washington—All Change!" at Labor Stage for the week beginning next Monday evening, Nov. 13, and continuing through two performances on Sunday, Nov. 19.

Music Notes

A series of four broadcasts over Station WQXR is being devoted to songs of the pioneers, Sons of Liberty, runaway slaves, 49'ers, Wisconsin lumbermen, and Wizard Oil barkers, as well as to works by Billings, Hopkinson, Billy Walker, Foster, Ives, Haufrecht and Seigmeister. This panorama of American life in folk and art songs can be heard Wednesday evenings from 10 to 10:30 P.M.

At the Metropolitan Music School, 68 East 12th Street, Mr. Seigmeister is conducting a special course in American Muisc from revolutionary times to the present. Class discussions center around folk, popular, and serious music as an expression of American life and democracy. Musical illustrations at the piano and with the latest electrical recordings are presented at each session which takes place on Tuesday at 7 P.M.

"CROTON IN ART"

A free exhibition of portraits, views, and other works of art by residents of Croton-on-the-Hudson opened recently under the auspices of the Croton Recreation Commission in the assembly room of the Grade School. The show will continue for two weeks.

MOTION PICTURES

DAVID PLATT, in the Daily Worker, calls "Marseillaise"

"A GREAT PEOPLE'S FILM"

Marseillaise

directed by JEAN RENOIR

". . . the greatest film on the French Revolution ever made. It is a stirring people's film against tyranny. . . . The acting is splendid . . . as fine and prophetic an utterance for democracy as has been heard from the screen."—DAILY WORKER

CAMEO 42nd ST. E. of 7th Ave. 25¢ to 2 P.M. Weekdays

JEFFERSON 14th STREET at 3rd Ave.
Today & Tomorrow
J. Carroll NAISH - Anna May WONG
'ISLAND OF LOST MEN'
Plus: GEORGE O'BRIEN in "TIMBER STAMPEDE"

'Drums Along the Mohawk'
Claudette Colbert - Henry Fonda
★ PLUS BIG STAGE SHOW ★
Any Day 25¢ to 1 P.M. Any Seat
ROXY Thea., 7Av. & 50th St.

BRONX
THIRD WEEK!
"THE LIGHT AHEAD"
(The Klutsho)
RADIO 0 BOULEVARD & JENNINGS STREET

ACADEMY OF MUSIC 14th St. E. of 4th Ave.
Today & Wednesday
Richard ARLEN - Andy DEVINE in "LEGION OF LOST FLYERS"
Also: "IRISH LUCK"
Tonite Only! Amateur Band Contest

THE STAGE
TALLULAH BANKHEAD in THE LITTLE FOXES.
LILLIAN HELLMAN'S Dramatic Triumph with Patricia Collinge and Frank Conroy
NATIONAL Theatre, W. 41 St. PE. 6-8220
Evs. 8:40. 55c-$3.30. Mats. Today-Tom.-Sat.

SPORTS
DAILY WORKER

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1939

MARMY Says:
To the Polls, Men—
Let's Get Out
A MONSTER Write-in
Vote Today!

PERSONAL—BUT NOT PRIVATE

By DAVE FARRELL

Dave Has No More Doubts On the Country's Number 1 Back

They tabbed him the "almost forgotten man,"—they said he was "darn good but—this Jackie Robinson has taken the play away from him." In fact they were on the point of passing him up. They ignored his performance in the Montana game with the line that "it wasn't much competition." But what they're going to say now about Kenny Washington after his performance against California—should make interesting reading. Because on Saturday afternoon in our very ample Coliseum, Mr. Washington put on a superb—that's exactly the right word—performance. And he proved (as if he needed to) that he is the greatest backfield threat in the country.

By that 20-7 win over California, the Bruin kept right in step with Troy and seems Rose Bowl headed. But to the amazement of some 50,000 customers they did it entirely without the services of the fleet-footed Jackie. Kenny was the entire show, almost all by himself. He handled the ball some 19 times and netted—if my figures are correct some 162 yards—or a mere matter of 8.5 yards per try. He scored a touchdown on the sweetest piece of broken field running (aided by a lot of nice blocking, particularly by Quarterback Matthews) which saw him cutting back once and spinning out of grasp three times. He passed for 13 yards to Strode. He passed 36 yards for a touchdown to Macpherson. And later completed another 22 yard six-point flip to Woodrow Wilson Strode, giant Negro end, who played an excellent game.

When he wasn't carrying the ball, Kenny was doing some mighty fine blocking. And when the Bear had the ball, he played a bang-up defensive game. So if anybody should ask you, as they do me quite frequently, who I'd rather have on my team—I'd advise as the correct answer "Washington over anybody in the country, because of his all-around play."

Now on the UCLAns as a club: In the final quarter against Oregon, their second string backfield and line began to resemble a real team. In Saturday's game against Cal, they really played plenty of football—did those second and third stringers—in every respect except in the matter of the use of the noggin. (With fourth down and a yard and a quarter to go for a first down—from Cal's 2 to the half yard line—and the line plays clicking—some Braintruster called for a pass that went an acre past the end zone, incomplete. The ball was then brought out to the 20 with a loss of 18 yards on the play). But apart from that the boys played smart heads up football. They did nearly everything right and got really fine kicking for a change—from Overlin who was hitting well over 40, according to my figures.

They even displayed a lot of moxie. Because Cal, scored in the first six minutes when Overlin fumbled the first play after the kick-off, the Big Bear recovered and went on to a touchdown. But right after that young Master Bruin showed he had plenty of innerds and went right back into the game with determination galore.

A quick kick by Overlin caught safety man Tony Firpo napping and from there on it was all Bruin. They made their breaks and took advantage of them. The vaunted California line, which is supposed to have held S.C. to a scoreless tie in the first half, a week prior, was not too tough for the Bruin line—although while he was in there Lee Artoe showed what a sweet tackle he is. But the Bruin linemen were charging harder than they have all season and showed up well. For once the Bruin ends showed up well. Both Strode and Macpherson were cutting hard. Tackles Zarubica and Lyman looked plenty good and the guards Somers and Frawley played their usual outstanding games. Somers in particular played the kind of a game that must rate him serious consideration when they hand out the mythical honors.

On this game—easily their best performance this season—the Bruins looked as though they could give S.C. a real fight of it. The answer will be told for sure after we see how they stack up against Santa Clara on the 18th. But I wouldn't sell the Bruin short yet.

WHAT'S ON

RATES: What's On notices for the Daily and Sunday Worker are 35c per line (6 words to a line—3 lines minimum).
DEADLINE: Daily at 12 Noon. For Sunday, 5 P.M. Friday.

TONIGHT at 8:00
ELECTION JAMBOREE
CABARET NITE - ENTERTAINMENT
MIDTOWN SOCIAL CENTER
$40 - 7th Ave. at 54th St.
Dancing to Continental Orchestra
Subscription 35c

Coming

RUTH McKENNEY, author of the best-sellers "My Sister Eileen" and "Industrial Valley," speaks Saturday, Nov. 11th, 2:30 P.M.; on "America's Industrial Valleys," the human story behind strikes, picket lines, labor spies, lockouts, frame-ups. At the Workers School, 35 East 12th Street, NYC. Admission 25c.

SCHOOL REGISTRATION

SOCIAL DANCE GROUP — Recognized Workers School for Ballroom Dancing. Waltz, Foxtrot, Tango, etc. 66 Fifth Ave. Studio 7-B. GR. 7-2529. Miriam Pallas. Registration 2-10 P.M.

Our Readers Spend

$50,000,000
Every Year!!

Maybe you've only got two bits in your pocket. But when you put all of us Daily Worker readers together, we spend fifty million dollars every year!

Who gets that money? How much of it goes to merchants who advertise in the Daily Worker? These merchants deserve your support! Look through the "Daily" now! You'll find what you want advertised today!

How about the merchants in your neighborhood? Do they advertise in the Daily Worker? Why not speak to them! Tell them that we are carrying thousands of lines more advertising than last year! Tell them that the Daily Worker advertising pays, that we have the most loyal readers of any newspaper in the country!

Fill out this coupon and mail it immediately!

DAILY WORKER
50 East 13th St., New York, N. Y.

Name of Store .....
Address .....
I spoke to Mr. .....
who promised to advertise in the DAILY WORKER.
Signed .....
Address .....

Mid-West 11's Here Saturday

Powerful Missouri Plays NYU; Indiana vs. Fordham

By BERNIE STEPHENS

"Beat Fordham" buttons are already blossoming on the outer apparel of N. Y. U. supporters today as both elevens prepare to repel high-pressure invasions next Saturday and thus mark off another week before their momentous meeting on Thanksgiving Day.

Missouri University, with a shocking victory over Nebraska, takes the long trek here for a Yankee Stadium engagement with the Violets, and may enter the game favorite over the best Heights team in many years. Both elevens have one defeat to show, each against a ranking opponent. N. Y. U. lost out to the Southern power, North Carolina, while Missouri has only a defeat by Ohio State, current leaders of the Big Ten, to mar its record.

Fordham awaits the Hoosiers of Indiana in another fine intersectional tussle scheduled for the Polo Grounds. The Ram has a precious two-game winning streak to maintain, but faces a resolute foe in the Big Ten Eleven. Indiana has beaten Illinois, supsetters of Michigan, and Wisconsin, in four Big Ten starts, and has tied Nebraska.

Columbia carts her gallant band to Annapolis to take on the Navy in a colorful contest, with both teams shy of notable triumphs but nicely matched. L. I .U. has an off-day, while Manhattan travels to West Virginia; C.C.N.Y. meets Springfield and Brooklyn faces Ithaca, the latter two games also away.

"Eastern titans meet" is the billing that greets the Dartmouth-Princeton match at Princeton, with Dartmouth undefeated and Princeton once-beaten. This, of course, leads to conjecture on the billing that Dartmouth-Cornell will receive on the following Saturday should the Indians come through unscathed and Cornell down a Colgate threat. Cornell-Dartmouth begins to shape up as the top game of the year in the East.

Other Eastern contests of note are the Army-Harvard game, Holy Cross-Temple, Carnegie-Pitt and Yale-Brown. In the South, Tennessee rests against the Citadel, while Alabama faces strong Tulane and Texas A. & M. meets S. M. U.

The Mid-West offers Notre Dame against Iowa, rater a fine chance to overthrow the mighty Irish, and two other excellent pairings in Michigan-Minnesota and Purdue-Northwestern. The Far-West will witness lowly Stanford attempt to unseat the regal U. S. C. from her inside track to the Rose Bowl.

Standing in Pro Grid League

STANDING OF THE TEAMS

Eastern Division

	W.	L.	T.	P.C.	For	Agst.
New York	5	1	1	.833	91	57
Washington	5	1	1	.833	134	71
Brooklyn	3	3	1	.500	84	109
Philadelphia	0	5	1	.000	32	75
Pittsburgh	0	6	1	.000	56	147

Western Division

	W.	L.	T.	P.C.	For	Agst.
Detroit	6	1	0	.857	115	70
Green Bay	5	2	0	.714	163	124
Chicago Bears	3	3	0	.632	206	122
Cleveland	3	4	1	.429	140	141
Chicago Cards	1	7	0	.122	63	161

THE SCHEDULE

Sunday—Chicago Cards at New York. Washington at Brooklyn. Green Bay at Philadelphia, Chicago Bears at Detroit.

SUNDAY'S RESULTS

Detroit 18, New York 14
Washington 7, Philadelphia 6.
Cleveland 14, Chicago Cardinals 6.
Chicago Bears 30, Green Bay 17.

Try This In the Subway

Mighty Tennessee Stands Way Out as Season Enters Stretch

N.Y.U.'s very good team is flying high this year, and Stan Mikulka makes that more than a figure of speech when he sails over the clutches of Lafayette's linesmen for a four-yard gain. Stan, playing with a mask to protect his injured nose, later intercepted a pass and sped 42 yards to a touchdown. This dive stunt is no good for a long gain, as you're bound to hit the ground, but is used for short gain first down plays.

Vols Sure Thing for Rose Bowl—If Invited—14 Other Teams in Unbeaten, Untied Races, Including Defiant Slippery Rock Teachers

By Lester Rodney

Fifteen teams, ranging from our old pals the Slippery Rock Teachers down to Tennessee, enter the home stretch of this 1939 college football season unbeaten and untied, but only one looks like a really good bet to go all the way.

The boys from down the Smoky Mountain region have roared right over the only two high caliber teams on their schedule and unless there's another case of stage fright on the Coast by the Western Winner, are headed right for the Rose Bowl on New Year's Day.

In brushing over a good LSU team 20-0, the Vols gave Easterners a better idea of their really high voltage than in the 21-0 rout of Alabama. For LSU had shown the East (meanin gnortheast in football lingo) some real football in smacking down what we consider a fine Holy Cross team at Worcester, 20-6. They must really be good, even though the remaining games with teams like The Citadel won't prove an awful lot.

The team that'll face them out there looks like USC, though a faint ray of hope comes for the surprisingly good "amateur" UCLA team from our West Coast observer, Dave Farrell. He sees the UCLA's giving USC a whale of a fight, with that great Negro backfield duo of Kenny Washington and Jackie Robinson apt to upset anyone on any day.

The other unbeatens and unties among the major teams are Texas A. & M., which seems to be as good as last year's fine TCU team and the almost certain host for the Sugar Bowl game, Notre Dame, which has Northwestern and USC to get by yet; and Cornell, which just squeezed by Columbia and has Dartmouth and Penn in the offing. Until beaten or tied, Duquesne has to be rated with the big ones. Outside of our super dynamic Slippery Rock Teachers, who could mop up the Rose Bowl with Tennessee and USC one after another (they say), the rest of the 15 unbeatens are strictly minor league.

So if there's such a thing as a standout National team in as form hazy a game as college football, Tennessee is it. (But if the Slippery Rock Teachers could slip into the uniforms of The Citadel next Saturday—ahhh.)—L. R.

WHITE PLAINS COUNTY CENTER—Steve Gink Belloise vs. Harry Ginsberg, eight rounds; Tony Martin vs. Enzo Ianozzi, Johnny Craig vs. Silvio Zangrillo, six rounds each; Jeyel Horowitz vs. Charley Mackley, Frankie Thompson vs. Al Romanofsky, Tommy McGuire vs. Walter Spiroch, Ralph Somovitz vs. Danny McGuire, four rounds each. ... ...

Lesnevich, Conn Next Fite Here

Back in the same ring at Madison Square Garden where he established himself as the classiest boxer in the country and where, one hot night last July he captured the world light-heavyweight title, Billy Conn, handsome young Irish lad from a steel-working family in Pittsburgh, makes his first New York defense of the crown against Gus Lesnevich, of Cliffside Park, N. J., on Friday nite, Nov. 17.

Billy Conn

Lesnevich, long a prominent figure in 160-pound circles and more recently in the light-heavyweight division, clinched his right to a titular opportunity by vanquishing Dave Clark, Detroit stablemate of Joe Louis, a few months ago. Lesnevich halted Clark in one round. Clark had been recognized at the time as a leading challenger for premier honors.

The Russian battler from New Jersey is strong, rugged, and the possessor of a knockout wallop in either hand. He is known for his durability and is confident he has what it takes to stop Conn.

Both Conn and Lesnevich are now in hard training at the Pioneer Gymnasium, the challenger working out at 12:45 and the champion taking the floor an hour later.

FITE CARD

TONIGHT

BROADWAY ARENA—Bernie Friedkin vs. Al Reid, Lenny Boom-Boom Mancini vs. Young Chappie, eight rounds each; Sean Hynes vs. Angelo Lato, Jimmy Boyle vs. Jimmy Gleason, Patsy Frazier vs. Henry Freeman, Carl Stein vs. Joey Maldonado, Tony Triolo vs. Georgie March, four rounds each.

BRONX COLISEUM—Harry Balsoma vs. Walter Franklin, eight rounds; Chester Rico vs. Irish Tommy Christie, Augie Gonzales vs. Joe Memoli, Frankie Runyon vs. Gerard D'Lia, six rounds each; Eddie Palermo vs. Frankie Van, Johnny Wargo vs. Al LaBarba, Wilco Rivera vs. Billy Hill, four rounds each.

Dynamic Sport Program Brings Labor Titles To Cleaners and Dyers

COURT PROSPECTS AGAIN GOOD

(This is the fourth of a series of articles describing the sports program and team prospects of the unions in the Trade Union Athletic Association.)

By Sam Blender

With Alexander Hoffman, president of the Cleaners and Dyers, Local 239, Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, their most ardent fan, the C. & D. have been running amuck in the New York Trade Union A. A. leagues and have won more cups and trophies in the brief two years of their existence than any other T.U.A.A. affiliate.

This winter another Cleaner and Dyer team has been entered in the T. U. A. A. Basketball tournament. And according to Mr. Frank Palermo, organizer and educational director, they expect to go places. Confidentially, Mr. Palermo told the Daily Worker: "We have as good a chance for the trophy as any other team in the league."

This information doesn't exactly come as a bombshell, for last year's team was good enough in its first year to cop second place.

Haul Washington, star Negro forward has been handed the coaching assignment and reliable reports state that he is rounding up a well-balanced five. From among last year's veterans are. "Sparky" Drier, Morris Feldman, "Red" Smith, "Babe" Solomon and Haul Washington.

The rest of the Cleaners and Dyers sports program for the winter will consist of an inter-shop basketball tournament and a soccer team. In addition the C. & D. are affiliated to the T. U. A. A. Sports Center to which they have sold 250 tickets

Considering that the majority of the shops in this union operate on a 24 hour basis, most of the members do not have the opportunity to participate in any sports activities because of the peculiar and unusual hours for work, therefore 250 tickets sold for a mass sports program represents a very good quota.

A total of 100 members have to date been active on the various Cleaners and Dyers teams. A quickie revue reveals that they have won the T. U. A. A. baseball championship two years running. (The first in the first year of their existence). They won the T.U.A.A. track meet last spring at McCoombs Dam Park and John Hammond, former Ohio State Negro star, won the LaGuardia cup for them by being the outstanding athlete in the T.U.A.A.

John Hammond who sparkled at short for the baseball team, won the 70-yard dash and won the 220 at the track meet

The 5,000 members of the Cleaners and Dyers are proud of their union and even more proud of its success in sports. At every occasion they come out in large numbers to cheer for their teams. This loyalty has been instrumental in the building of their programs. This is possibly the reason for the success of the teams, with a gang like that in back of them, how can they help playing their hearts out.

Across the Soviet Union by Bicycle in 88 Days

On May 30th five Soviet cyclists took off from Lake Hassan district in the Soviet Far East on a tour which would ultimately bring them to the Western borders of the country. The route led through difficult territory and to make matters worse they often encountered extremely unfavorable weather conditions. The intrepid five reached their goal in 88 days, having covered 11,300 kilometers. The following is an account of the tour as given by the leader of the group, Anthony Timokhov.

"We began on our long trek from Lake Hassan on May 30th. Before us lay a route of 11,300 kilometers from Zaozernaya Height to the Western borders of the Soviet Union.

"We were not record holders who had won fame in bicycle racing, but rank and file sportsmen, fresh from the ranks of the Red Army, typical representatives of the many millions of Soviet youth.

"About a month was spent in intensive training. The road ahead was anything but an easy one. I had all the more reason to anticipate difficulties since I encountered them during my participation in the cycle run from Komsomolsk-on-Amur to Moscow in 1937. Finally, the day of our start came. The results of the medical examination were most encouraging.

"On the morning of May 30th our team gathered at the foot of Height Zaozernaya. It was a wonderful, sunny spring day. Exactly at 3 P.M., we ascended to the summit of the hill where the red flag fluttered in the breeze. A half an hour later after bidding a heady farewell to the frontier guards we descended to our starting place at the foot of the hill, mounted our machines and began our long road westwards.

"Tell the whole Soviet people that the border is well guarded and that we are always prepared to repeat the lesson of Hassan,' shouted the frontier guards as we were leaving Zaozernaya.

"The first six days of our trip took us across rugged country and through virgin forests; 1,035 kilometers of hard riding brought us to Khabarovsk. After Khabarovsk conditions did not improve, if anything they became worse. The sun was hidden behind dense clouds and we were travelling through constant rain. Soaked to the skin and chilled by the biting wind we walked on foot along the railway line leading our bicycles. Trains dashed past us but we could barely discern them for the heavy rain. Every once in a while one of our group would shout the warning 'train ahead . . . train behind . . .' so that even in our sleep we would sometimes murmur 'train ahead . . . jump off the embankment.'

"This difficult section of our route took us 25 days, in which time we covered 2,000 kilometers.

"From Birobijan to Ulan-Ude we were accompanied by participants in a bicycle relay race between those two towns. The local sportsmen rode side by side with us from district to district, from town to town.

"Having left Chita behind we decided to abandon our route along the railway line and follow a straight route to Ulan-Ude, across the Yablonoi mountain range. The Buryat-Mongolian Republic was celebrating its 16th anniversary on July 6th and we decided to reach the capital of the Republic, Ulan-Ude, in time for the festivities. This meant we would have to accelerate our speed. We did, and covered 420 kilometers in three days along a poor road and in scorching heat, which sometimes reached 45-50 degrees. The heat wave followed us right up to Lake Baikal. Near the lake are numerous small rivers and springs, very shallow but very cold. We had to ford these rivers, walking up to our waists in ice cold water and carrying our bicycles on our shoulders. Another difficult stretch was that across the mountains, on the road to Irkutsk. It meant constant travelling up and down the hills. At first we tried to descend on our machines but soon found out this was altogether out of the question. In fact a few of our lads fell off their bicycles and suffered injuries, fortunately slight ones. We had to dismount and continue our journey on foot.

"In Irkutsk we had our first rest day.

"Heavy rain followed us all the way from Irkutsk to Kansk. The machines got stuck in the mud and it was a difficult job

"July 18th, National Sports Day, found us on the road from Kansk to Krasnoyarsk. We celebrated this day by a record of our own. On that day we covered 225 kilometers, a record figure for the whole of our trip.

"In Novosibirsk we had another rest day before starting off on our trip across the vast Siberian steppe. The Barabinsk steppe did not receive us any too hospitably. Again we encountered harassing rain and headlong winds which chilled us through and through. On one occasion we even had to stop at an abandoned hut to get warm. This, however, was the only instance when we had to dismount because of bad weather.

"Our further travelling was comparatively easier. We passed Omsk, Tumen, Sverdlovsk, Krasnoyfimsk, Kazan, Moscow, Smolensk, Minsk and reached the border town of Negoreloe 24 days ahead of schedule."

LITTLE LEFTY — by del